

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 18, NUMBER 7. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1899. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

.. Good Book ..
FREE OF CHARGE
To Every Customer Buying
ONE DOLLARS' Worth
or more at one time in our Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and Notion Departments. Books which are worth from 25 to 50 cents each. These Books will be found on one of your Bargain Counters.....

Ladies' Wrappers,
Fleeced Lined, worth \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, all go for, while they last, each..... **85c**

Ladies' Shoes,
Job Lot, all sizes, your choice for..... **87c**

Men's Slippers.
Men's \$1 and \$1.25 Slippers, all sizes to 11, for..... **65c**

Men's Sweaters.
All Wool, regular price \$1.25, now..... **85c**

Jackets and Coats.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Jackets and Capes. We have the best line of Cloaks and Jackets in the city. Come in and see them. All go for **1/2 price**

Fine Comforters.
Special Sale of Fine Comforters, Finest Silkaline Covers, Beautiful Patterns, Large Size, Goods Worth \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25, Your Choice for **\$1.45** Only.....

Dairy Butter.
You will always find in our Grocery Department fresh dairy butter and eggs direct from the farmers, and everything that is generally kept in a first-class up-to-date grocery store, and I will guarantee prices lowest of any in the city. We deliver goods to every part of the city free of charge.

Yours For Bargains
L. J. CALE, Cale Bk., Front St.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., January 19, 1899.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on March 24, 1899, viz: Helen Anderson, H. E. No. 15888 for the NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 15, and NE 1/4 NE 1/4, Sec. 16, Township 48, Range 31 W.
She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Sam. Williams, Fred Veilleit, Gideon Mattie and E. R. Burdett, P. O. address of all, St. Matthias, Minnesota.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.
In District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.
HARVEY HOLMES
Plaintiff,
vs.
JOHN HOLMES
Defendant.
The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled cause, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court at St. Cloud, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated, January 20th, 1899.
R. F. ALDERMAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 15, F. N. Bank Block.

Probate Notice.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 26th, 1898, in the matter of the Estate of Eliza Wadham, deceased:
Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto George A. Keene, of said county.
It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate office in the court house in Brainerd, on the following days, viz: On the first Monday in each month for the next six months.
It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court or not proven to its satisfaction shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.
Ordered, further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the city of Brainerd, in said county.
Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 26th day of December, A. D. 1898.
By the Court, MILTON MCPHADEN, Judge of Probate.

Wood Wanted.
Sealed bids, marked "Bids for Wood," for 25 cords each of green jack pine and tamarack cord wood, to be delivered at the county jail prior to April 1st next, will be received at the Auditor's office up to 10 o'clock a. m., Feb. 7th, 1899.
A. MAHLUM, Auditor.

County Physician.
Sealed proposals, marked "County Physician," for the furnishing of medical services, medicine and surgery, for the county poor, during the present year, will be received at Auditor's office up to 10 o'clock a. m., Feb. 7th next. The board of county commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.
A. MAHLUM, Auditor.

KNOCKED OFF THE N. P. BRIDGE.

M. A. Ralston, a Gull Lake Farmer, Met Death as Above Stated on Saturday Evening.

M. A. Ralston, a farmer living on the south shore of Gull Lake, and well known in Brainerd, was knocked off the Mississippi railroad bridge in this city Saturday night about 10 o'clock by the engine of freight train No. 58, and instantly killed. The accident occurred on the east end of the bridge, just over the pier on the bank of the river. The unfortunate man fell a distance of over fifty feet, striking the frozen ground just at the water's edge. His skull was crushed to such an extent that his brains were knocked out, and scattered over the ground. Both legs were broken, one above the knee and the other between the knee and the ankle, and the body was otherwise bruised and broked. Death resulted instantly.

A coroner's inquest was held at Clark's undertaking rooms, where the body was taken, on Monday, at which the particulars of Mr. Ralston's death were found to be as follows:

Mr. Ralston came to town that day with a young woman by the name of Aurora Sabina Bytinen, and after doing some trading he hung around the saloons for several hours, getting quite badly intoxicated. About 7 o'clock he started home with the young lady. The horses were high-spirited and ran away immediately on leaving town. They ran down Laurel street across the bridge and across the N. P. tracks at the Sanitarium, where Mr. Ralston and the woman were thrown out, the team continuing out the Gull Lake road. Mr. Ralston was stunned and the girl went to the Sanitarium and got help, but when she returned to Mr. Ralston he had gotten up. The men advised Ralston to return to town, which he did, while the girl went on to a friends and stopped for the night. Ralston came back to town, and was around town until 10:30, when he was seen at the French saloon on East Front street. He must have started to walk home and taken the railroad bridge instead of the wagon bridge. On the bridge he was met by freight train No. 58, coming east, and shoved off the bridge to his death. The engine of the train was in charge of Engineer George Craig and Fireman William Kearns. They both tell the same story in regard to the accident. Ralston was first seen when they were about 200 feet from him, the train at that time having a speed of from four to six miles an hour, and gradually slowing down. The engineer whistled and Ralston, who was in between the tracks, stepped out on the north side close to a platform where the water barrels are kept in the summer time, and where the engineer supposed he intended to stop while the train passed, as people crossing the track sometimes do. Instead, when the train was only a few feet from him, he stepped between the tracks and the pilot struck him and threw him off the bridge. The train was stopped at once and the engineer and fireman ran down to where Ralston lay. He breathed twice after they arrived and then died. They came on into the yard, leaving the body as it lay, and notified the conductor, who notified Policeman Hurley, and the coroner was called and took the remains to Clark's morgue. At the inquest, after hearing the testimony, the coroner's jury returned the following verdict:

NELS PETERSON SUICIDES

At the Merchants Hotel in St. Paul on Tuesday Night by Asphyxiation Himself.

On Wednesday afternoon a telegram was received in this city announcing that Nels Peterson, recently of the firm of Moberg & Peterson, saloon keepers on Laurel street, had been found dead in bed at the Merchant hotel in St. Paul at one o'clock that day, death being produced by asphyxiation. Concerning the matter the St. Paul Globe says:

He was found dead in his room yesterday, while both jets in the chandelier over the bed were open and emitting volumes of poisonous gas. No communication was left by Peterson, but after an investigation Coroner Nelson decided that the case was clearly one of suicide. Business reverses are believed to have caused Peterson to kill himself.

Peterson engaged a room at the hotel shortly before 12 o'clock Tuesday night. He inquired for Representative Stivers, of Brainerd, apparently not intending to register, but when informed that Stivers had retired said he would wait and see him in the morning. He was shown to room 188 on the fourth floor, and retired apparently in good spirits. When the chambermaid went to waken him yesterday morning she received no response to a knock at the door, but, thinking the guest desired to sleep until later, made no further investigation. When Peterson had not appeared by noon, however, the girl informed the clerk, telling him that there was a strong odor of gas coming from the room. The door was at once forced open when Peterson's dead body was found on the bed, the transom which had been partially open when Peterson retired, was closed tightly, which with the fact that the door was securely locked, while both gas jets were turned on, clearly indicated that he had intentionally ended his life. As nearly as can be learned Peterson came to St. Paul Monday. It is said that the object of his visit was to procure assistance from local wholesale liquor dealers in again starting in the saloon business. He conducted a saloon in Brainerd for some five years, but recently, it is said, was forced to go out of business and also lost his home. He was thirty-seven years of age and leaves a wife and four children, the oldest being nine years of age. Peterson was a member of the Brainerd Lodge of Ancient Order of United Workmen.

A. H. Bennett, representing the A. O. U. W., went to St. Paul on Wednesday evening to bring the remains back to this city. Mr. Bennett in company with a DISPATCH representative, hunted up the place where Mr. Peterson had been stopping, which was the Continental Hotel, conducted by a Mr. Johnson, an acquaintance of Mr. Peterson. To him Mr. Peterson had said he was a U. S. marshal and had just come from Tacoma, stopping at Brainerd only six hours. He asked for a room and inquired if they used gas, saying he did not like the smell of kerosene. He said he wanted to read after going to bed and must have gas in his room. He remained at the Continental that night and the next day and evening, but the next night at 12 o'clock, after eating a lunch he told Johnson that he was going to the Merchants where he could have gas, and although Mr. Johnson tried to have him stay he went. Before leaving here he is said to have given his watch to his oldest son and told him to keep it to remember his father by. Judging from these incidents there is no doubt but that Mr. Peterson took his own life.

Mr. Bennett returned today at 1:40 o'clock from St. Paul with the remains. The funeral will occur Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence on Sixth street south. Deceased leaves a wife and four children, the oldest being eleven and the youngest four years of age. He was in hard straits financially, but his membership in the A. O. U. W. carries \$2,000 insurance, which is all he leaves for the support of his family.

WANTED.
1000 cords green jack pine wood.
L. J. CALE.

Call and See
what R. F. Walters has in Shoes and Rubber goods, and what he is offering to induce you to buy them.
Shoe Store on Sixth St.

Old Maid's Convention.

The "Old Maid's Convention" was presented at Gardner Hall on Wednesday evening to an immense audience completely filling the large hall. The seating capacity was filled by 8 o'clock, and more than a hundred persons stood during the entire performance. As we predicted, it proved to be the hit of the season, and every one attending was immensely pleased. The ladies in the cast are also very much pleased at the success of their efforts to please the public, and they deserve the lavish praise they are receiving on all sides. They worked hard and faithfully at the rehearsals, but feel well repaid by the many compliments they are receiving. The local hits, which came thick and fast, were immensely enjoyed. The musical selections rendered by the make-over's were also very much enjoyed. We would like to mention the merits of each member of the cast, but space forbids. Suffice it to say that each member played her part in such a manner that it is hard to see how it could be improved upon. We doubt if there could be found another group of ladies, not professionals, who could have made more or even as much of the play as did the ladies of the cast on Wednesday evening. The net proceeds are \$135. It has been finally decided not to give another performance on Tuesday evening next as announced.

Wrestling Match.

A wrestling match will occur at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium on Tuesday evening, February 21st, between Jim Murphy, at one time champion of North and South Dakota, and Wm. Dodd, once champion wrestler of the state of Iowa. Tickets will be sold at 50 cents each, and will be limited to 200 as that amount is all the gymnasium will accommodate. The proceeds go to strengthen the work of the association.

Hall the Glad Tidings.

The vestrymen of St. Paul's church will give one of their unique entertainments, which is an annual affair and is always looked forward to with much pleasure, at Gardner's Hall on Friday evening, February 3rd. Some of the best talent in Brainerd has been secured for this occasion for the musical programme, and that alone is worth the price of admission, but that is not all. Come one and come all and have a good time. This will be something for the body as well as for the soul, for at the conclusion of the programme refreshments will be served, and after that Co. L will give an exhibition drill. A good time is insured for all who wish to remain and listen to Kelsey's orchestra. So all come and guess who the eight ladies are in the masked quadrille, which will be given on the stage about the middle of the program. Also see Al. Mattes in his comic character song. To miss this entertainment would be one of the mistakes of your life.

Matchless Pianos and Organs.

The Kimball Pianos and Organs are unequalled in tone, touch, workmanship and durability, receiving the Highest Honors at the World's Fair in 1893, Gold Medal at the Omaha exposition in 1898, and are indorsed by all teachers of music in Brainerd, and also by the leading singers and musicians of the world. Why run chances on cheap instruments, gotten up to sell without reputation, with stained cases, and which are good only for a few months, then you wonder why your instrument needs tuning so often? The W. W. Kimball sells as cheaply as any of them, on monthly payments, and you are sure to get a square deal.

GRAHAM & MATSON,
Factory Agents.
Corner of Sixth and Laurel Sts.

Annual Clearance Sale.
If you want to save money visit
The East Brainerd Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishing Store.
In order to make room for our large spring stock, which will soon be coming in, we will offer various portions of our large stock of Merchandise at Actual Cost Prices for CASH ONLY. You will be astonished at the wonderful prices we are able to give you at this sale. Below we quote some of the good bargains:

Dress Goods.	Gents' Underwear.
Plaid dress goods, sale price, per yd.....	All kinds of Gents' Underwear. Sale price, per shirt, \$2.87, to
Dress goods worth 12 1/2c sale price, per yd.....	48c
Dress goods worth 15c sale price, per yd.....	
Dress goods worth 25c sale price, per yd.....	Woolen Shirts.
Dress goods worth 50c sale price, per yd.....	Gents' Fine Woolen Shirts, Mackinaw Jackets, Sweaters, Duck Coats, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, Socks, Leggings, Rubbers, Overshoes, etc., all at cost prices.
We will show you more when you call.	

Winter Millinery.
Big Stock of Fall and Winter Millinery, all new and up-to-date, to close out AT COST.

Capes, Jackets.
We have a nice line of Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Collarettes, Muffs, Misses' Jackets and Sets, which we will sell at cost

Calicoes.
Calicoes, up from, per yard.....
Outing Flannel up from 3c per yard.....
Fleeced goods, up from 6c per yard.....
1 yd wide LL sheeting, 30 yards for.....
And Many Other Bargains.

Boy's Clothing.
We have a nice line of Boy's Clothing, Knee Pants, and Men's Pants, all go at this Sale at Special Cut Prices.

Shoe Department.
In our Shoe Department you will find everything in Men's, Boy's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Footwear at Reduced Prices, and many other good bargains too numerous to name which we will be pleased to show you when you call.

Remember,
This sale will commence on SATURDAY, JAN. 21, and continues for TWO WEEKS ONLY.

TRULY YOURS.
Mrs. B. Kaatz & Son,
199-201 Kindred Street, East Brainerd.

He that hath a trade hath an estate.

It's a poor farm that can't acquire a mortgage.

A man's best friend is a sufficiency of the almighty dollar.

The lard manufacturer is constantly turning over a new leaf.

Love is never found by seeking and it never stays for pleading.

It's a cold day when you can see the paper frieze on the wall.

Brevity may be the soul of wit, but there's no fun in being short.

Many a man has risked acquiring a wife in order to acquire a sister.

The receiver may be as bad as the thief, but the loser feels worse than both.

Pity the poor man who must live all his days in the cold shadow of his wife's fame.

Listeners don't expect to hear any good of themselves; it's the bad of others they are after.

There's a smoldering spark of wisdom in the brain of the man who knows when to go home.

Is 't death to fall for Freedom's right?

He's dead alone that lacks her light.

When a man offers you something for nothing, don't accept it unless you can afford to pay at least double its value.

Berlin correspondents state that Minister Koeller has ordered the provincial council of Sonderburg to publish an edict declaring that parents who send their children across the frontier to Danish schools shall be expelled from German territory. The educational authorities have learned that in the former Danish territory of Schleswig-Holstein many children have been sent to Denmark to be educated since the use of their own language in the schools of the duchy was abolished.

The extent to which live stock raising is becoming a southern industry is best exemplified by stating that in nine months of the present year Alabama, Louisiana and Mississippi combined have sent 1,200 cars of cattle direct to the market at St. Louis, besides those that went to people of Texas and the Indian territory; these being finished on other grounds lose their identity before coming to market. The significance of this statement requires explanation, and is given in the assertion that in years gone by a dozen cars of cattle has been a liberal yearly run to St. Louis from the three states named.

"Political banks," organized to receive and juggle with the funds of municipalities or states, have yielded many shameful chapters of financial history. An occurrence of another sort has just taken place in Philadelphia, where the president of such a bank, which had failed, has given his personal check for \$400,000 in order that the depositors may be paid in full. "I was the president of that bank," he told the receiver; "I am responsible for more than the amount I would have to pay as an assessment upon my holdings of stock, and I am going to pay more." The president did a creditable thing when he went beyond the law's requirements to guard the business men who had trusted him; but perhaps he felt that, since he had got into bad company—and stayed—he deserved to lose his money.

Foreign correspondents report that the industrial associations and the syndicates of Berlin have jointly agreed to call a meeting for the purpose of framing a petition to the Prussian government calling attention to the enormous damage suffered in exportation to Scandinavian countries by reason of the continued systematic expulsion from northern Schleswig of Danes, Swedes and Norwegians. The petition will ask that the policy of expulsion be speedily discontinued. Reports from throughout Germany show the urgency of this move on the part of the manufacturing and exporting interests. The Danes, especially, are severing their commercial relations with German merchants out of resentment for the eviction of their fellow-countrymen from Prussia. One firm in Brunswick has been ruined by the sharp falling off in business, and has been forced to discharge 300 employees in consequence. Similar reports come from Frankfurt. In Berlin and Nuremberg, Austrian and Italian exporters are now taking the place of the Germans, who formerly controlled the field.

When Julia Ward Howe was a young girl her first literary venture was favorably noticed in a local newspaper. "This is my little girl who knows about books," said a favorite uncle, "and writes an article and has it printed; but I wish she knew more about housekeeping"—a sentiment which in after years Mrs. Howe had occasion to echo with fervor. Few women reach adult life without finding themselves so circumstanced that a domestic training is invaluable to them.

PITH OF THE NEWS

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Cullied From the Telegraph Reports—The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

From Washington.

The senate committee on commerce authorized a favorable report on the bill authorizing the construction of a revenue cutter for the Pacific coast at a cost of \$225,000.

Senator Deboe introduced a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a congressional commission to decide upon the advisability of establishing a national soldiers' home at Abraham Lincoln's birthplace in Kentucky.

Formal orders have been issued by the war department relieving Brig. Gen. William C. Oates of Alabama from further duty with the second army corps and honorably discharging him from the military service.

Secretary Long has decided to allow Admiral Sampson to undertake a cruise in southern waters with the North Atlantic squadron for drills and maneuvers. The cruise will extend certainly to Havana, and, perhaps to the north coast of South America, a favorite spot for naval evolutions in winter being off the coast of Venezuela.

Western Mining Notes.

Gibbonsville, Idaho, reports that ore has been struck in the Huron mine of the A. D. and M. group, which runs \$260 gold per ton.

A wall of galena thirty-five feet in length has been exposed in a new drift in the old Jordan and Galena mine, near Bingham, Utah. Its value is estimated at \$250,000.

According to the Salt Lake Tribune, ore has been struck in the Ajax mine at Tintic, which assays 17 1/2 per cent copper, in addition to a fine showing in silver and some gold.

The Silver King's regular monthly dividend has just been increased from \$37,500 to \$50,000—an advance from 25 cents to 33 1/2 cents a share, says the Salt Lake Tribune.

Leadville is recovering from its many disasters of the last six years, and comes up with an estimated output of \$2,000,000 in gold; \$4,500,000 in silver, and \$2,500,000 in lead and iron.

Butte, Mont., reports that the output and development of its mines in 1898 exceeds that of any previous year. Butte produces approximately 300,000,000 pounds of copper and paid nearly \$10,000,000 in dividends.

Within sixty days all of Leadville's down-town mines will be unwatred. When the mines have been put in operation again the increase in tonnage will be at least 500 per day, and may run much higher than that.

Tin has long been known to exist in various parts of Montana, but no attempt has been made to discover a ledge carrying this metal. It is a fact worthy of note that wherever tin is found lead and silver mines have been discovered.

The stockholders of the Republic mine in Washington have received checks for the fourth monthly dividend of 3 cents per share, or \$30,000. This makes a total of \$120,000, which this rich property has paid its fortunate stockholders within 120 days.

Personal.

Capt. Leary of the navy has been appointed naval governor of Guam.

John Russell Young, librarian of the congressional library, and former journalist and diplomat, is dead.

William Plunkett, Baron Dunsany, representative peer for Ireland since 1893, died in his 46th year at London.

Edward Holst, a musical composer, is dead in New York of Bright's disease, aged 55 years. He was a native of Copenhagen, Denmark.

Maj. Jed Hotchkiss, Stonewall Jackson's celebrated engineer, died at his home in Staunton, Va., of grip, complicated with meningitis.

George Gemenuder, one of the most expert violin makers in the country, died at his home in Astoria, R. I., aged eighty-three years. He was born in Wurtemberg.

Mr. H. Clay Whiting, father of Mrs. Faulkner, wife of United States Senator Faulkner of West Virginia, died at his home in Hampton, Va., of grip, aged sixty-four years.

George Gemenuder, one of the most expert violin makers in the country, is dead at his home in Astoria, R. I., aged 83 years. He was born in Wurtemberg, Germany. He has resided at Astoria for a quarter of a century.

Florence Packard, who lives in Greenback Valley, Gila county, Ariz., has a remarkable record as a hunter of mountain lions. He has killed scores of them, and last year alone his record was thirty-three scalps.

Word has been received at Brussels that a Belgian missionary, Father Belbrouck, has been murdered by a Chinese at Huh Peh, in the province of the same name, Central China, and that the mission house has been burned.

Andrew Peterson, formerly president of the Western State bank and consul to Illinois and several other Western states, died in his apartments at the Union League club at Chicago after a long illness.

Howard J. Rogers of Albany, N. Y., deputy state superintendent of public instruction, has been appointed director of the department of education and social economy for the United States at the Paris exposition in 1900.

It is announced that the trustees of Cornell university will appoint T. F. Crane, present dean of the faculty of arts and sciences, to perform the duties of President J. G. Schurman during the latter's absence in the Philippine islands. President Schurman's leave of absence will extend to Jan. 1, 1900.

Foreign Notes.
The municipal council of Stockholm has voted to erect a statue of John Ericsson.

Ellie Proctor Otis, the actress, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy at New York, placing her liabilities at \$36,331.

The eruptions from Mount Vesuvius are increasing and the flow of lava is unprecedented. No serious damage has been done.

Spain is credited at Paris with the intention of slapping the United States by a recognition of the Philippine insurgents.

Prof. Henry Alleyne Nicholson Regius, professor of natural history at the University of Aberdeen, died at London in his 55th year.

There have been serious student riots during the last two days at the universities of Palermo and Naples, owing to the refusal of the university authorities to grant certain requests regarding examinations and holidays.

Emperor William received at Berlin the Chinese minister, Lo-Hai-Houan, who presented his majesty with the insignia of the double dragon, conferred upon the German emperor by the emperor of China.

The government of the Transvaal, says the Pretoria correspondent of the London Times, has expended nearly \$4,000,000 since 1894 in trying to influence the European press and European officials to prevent the leasing of Delagoa bay to Great Britain.

The Berlin Vossische Zeitung, referring to the voyage next summer of the German cruiser Arcona in the Pacific, says it will be connected with the intention of the government to acquire the Caroline islands.

Carl Jacobson, the well known brewer, has notified the municipal authorities of Copenhagen of his intention to present the city with his splendid collection of art treasures valued at over \$1,750,000 on condition that a suitable building is provided for their care and display.

Diplomats at London refuse to take seriously the revival of the report cabled from Washington that the United States is willing to exchange the Philippines for the British West Indies. They say the powers would interfere.

The Empress of Japan brought to Vancouver, B. C., 408 Asiatic coolies, 191 of whom were destined for Tampico, Mex., where, it is stated, they have contracted to work on plantations and railway construction. While they were boarding the train local Chinamen told them they had been sold into slavery. A stampede followed and the officials had to resort to violence to check them.

Otherwise.
The French imports for 1898 increased \$84,433,600 and the exports decreased \$90,500,000.

Miss Louise Hampton was married to Lieut. Clarence Henry McCall, Fifth cavalry, U. S. A., in Christ church, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

The Illinois house of representatives adopted a resolution requesting the Illinois senators to work for the ratification of the treaty with Spain.

The gunboat Machias arrived at New York. She will join the fleet that Rear Admiral Sampson is forming to rendezvous in Havana for evolutions.

Resolutions were adopted by the New Hampshire house of representatives favoring speedy ratification of the peace treaty by the United States senate.

Although the gentlemen most interested decline to make any statement, it is generally believed in Wall street that the purchase of the Chicago & Alton railroad property by the so-called Harriman syndicate will soon be closed.

A costly steel bridge crossing Kingsbury Run and the tracks of the Nickel Plate railroad at Wilson avenue, Cleveland, was wrecked recently by a flood caused by the bursting of an ice dam a mile or more above the structure.

Dr. Guy Lewis Elde, U. S. A., and Miss Elizabeth Clementine Kip were married at San Francisco. Mrs. Elde is a daughter of William L. Kip and a granddaughter of the late Bishop Kip. The groom is a surgeon in the army.

The Republican state central committee of Michigan decided to hold the state convention for the nomination of justice of the supreme court and regents of the university at Jackson, March 1.

The D. E. Ross company of New York, dealers in cigars and cigarettes, made an assignment to Frederick Wiener. The company was incorporated in 1893, with a capital stock of \$100,000. The liabilities are estimated at \$70,000.

The trustees of Cornell college will appoint T. F. Crane, present dean of the faculty of arts and sciences, to perform the duties of President J. G. Schurman, during his absence in the Philippines.

The Cramp-Hoadley syndicate has made an offer for the entire works and property of the Corliss Steam Engine company of Providence, R. I. It is proposed to add a large amount of capital to the corporation and enlarge the works.

Under the new Irish local government act, John Daly, the former political prisoner and his supporters have captured twenty-four out of the forty seats comprised in the new Limerick corporation, and Daly is almost certain to be elected mayor of that city, unless he should be declared to be disqualified.

The last fleet of transports for Manila will sail from San Francisco in a week or ten days. The Scandia, Morgan City, Senator, Ohio and Centennial will all leave within a day or two of each other. The Twentieth Infantry will go on the Scandia and the Morgan City, and the Third and Twenty-second infantry on the Ohio and Senator.

There was an actual crush before the opening of the doors of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, of persons determined to hear Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Mills, formerly of Chicago, deliver his first Sunday sermon in the edifice. The gathering, in its different phases, brought forcibly to mind the days of Henry Ward Beecher.

The transport Ohio arrived at San Francisco from the Philippines with 250 soldiers, returned for various reasons. The vessel is in quarantine, and particulars of her trip are unattainable.

DOORS WILL STAY CLOSED

SENATE DISCUSSES THE PEACE TREATY IN SECRET.

Proposition to Throw Open the Doors to the Public Is Voted Down—Senators Gorman and Vest Urge Senator Davis to Name a Day for Final Vote—Principal Speeches of the Debate Were Made for the Treaty by Senators Frye and Teller and by Senator Hoar in Opposition—Frye Criticizes the Opposition Severely.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The senate resumed consideration of the peace treaty in executive session yesterday. The Berry resolution for the consideration of the treaty in open session was voted down and there was more or less talk of taking a vote, though on this point no definite decision was reached.

Probably the most significant occurrence of the session was the banter upon the question of a final vote upon the treaty itself. Senators Gorman and Vest, both of whom oppose ratification, urged the importance of getting a vote at no very distant day. They urged Mr. Davis to name a day and an hour when the vote could be taken. Mr. Vest said: "We want it understood distinctly that we are not holding the treaty up at all. Name the day. We will agree to any date that will suit you." Senator Davis replied that the question of fixing a day for a vote had not been considered by the committee on foreign relations, and he would not feel justified in assuming such a responsibility upon his own authority unsupported by the action of his committee. He promised to bring the matter to the attention of the committee at its next session.

Opposition Criticized.

The principal speeches of the general debate were made for the treaty by Senators Teller and Frye and by Senator Hoar in opposition. Senator Frye's remarks were a sharp criticism of the opposing senators, and it was so pointed that it brought Senator Hoar to his feet for a somewhat acrimonious reply. Mr. Frye dwelt at some length upon the conditions under which the treaty had been formulated and also referred to the situation in the Philippines, intimating that the opposition to ratification was the principal source of encouragement to the Filipinos in their present attitude toward the United States. Mr. Hoar defended the course of the opposition. Disagreeable as it was, he said, to arouse the ill-will of his brother senators, that condition was preferable to plunging the country into a position that might be of untold consequence to the whole nation.

Mr. Teller replied to Mr. Hoar, saying the opposition was responsible for the continuation of the state of war and pointing out various probable results in the way of the loss of prestige and power in case the United States should fail to take advantage of the opportunity now afforded to assert her rightful place as one of the nations of the world of commanding and paramount influence.

BURGLAR CAUGHT.

But He Used His Gun With Fatal Effect on His Captor.

New York, Jan. 25.—After being hunted from house to house, fired at from a dozen windows, and by half a dozen policemen, a burglar turned at bay and shot George Everhard, a plumber, through the abdomen. Everhard will probably die. Charles Steele, a Bowery denizen, is under arrest on suspicion of being the burglar. The burglar had rigged up a rope ladder to a room formerly occupied by Joseph Young, reputed to be a rich pool room man who always kept a large amount of cash and diamonds in his room. Young is at St. Augustine, Fla. The burglar was discovered by Charles Frank, who lives next door. Everhard was beating the burglar with a board when the latter drew a revolver and fired.

THREE MEN KILLED.

Serious Collision on the Great Western.

Dubuque, Iowa, Jan. 25.—By a collision on the Chicago Great Western between two freight trains at North Hanover, Ill., three men were killed and a large amount of railroad property was destroyed. An extra east-bound double-header freight had orders to meet an extra freight at Hanover. The train from Dubuque remained on the main track and the extra, instead of switching, crashed into the other train. The crew of the latter saved themselves by jumping, but the other crew remained aboard and were in the wreck. The crash was terrific. Both engines were completely demolished. Thirty-three cars were piled in a wrecked heap.

FIFTY MILLIONS.

Estimated Output of Klondike Gold This Year.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 25.—O. S. Batchelor, just returned from Dawson, says the mounted police estimate the output this year at \$50,000,000. E. H. Searle, another recent arrival, says the tenderfoot are sick and disheartened, and he expects 10,000 men to come out over the trail this winter.

Trans-Mississippi Congress. Wichita, Kan., Jan. 25.—The date for the tenth annual session of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress, to be held at this place, has been fixed for May 31. The convention will continue four days.

To Succeed Senator Mills.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 25.—The senate and house met at noon. The Hon. C. A. Culbertson, the sole Democratic nominee, was elected without opposition to succeed Retiring Senator Roger Q. Mills.

THE SAMOAN DIFFICULTY.

Will Yield to Ordinary Methods of Diplomacy.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Such exchanges as have taken place up to this point between the three governments, parties to the treaty of Berlin, in relation to the uprising in Apia, have been rather unofficial in character and have been confined pretty closely to expressions of a willingness to deal with the matter soberly and stand by the terms of the treaty in its adjustment. With this disposition displayed there is every reason to believe that this Samoan affair will yield to ordinary methods of diplomacy unless something has happened in the meantime at Apia to aggravate the situation.

No Suggestion of a Conference.

Berlin, Jan. 24.—The United States ambassador, Andrew D. White, up to yesterday afternoon, had not received instructions from Washington in regard to the recent trouble in Samoa. The National Zeitung declares that no suggestion of a conference on the subject of Samoa has yet been made by any of the governments interested. The foreign office dispatches give important details of the disturbances. It appears that the supreme court at Apia was not closed by the German consular orders, but by the orders of the Samoan government. It is said that the German consul was not even present when the incident occurred. The officials of the foreign office informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that no additional German warships had been ordered to Samoa. The New York correspondent of the Cologne Gazette cables that when the Samoan conference occurs the government at Washington will make advances to Germany and will relinquish the American co-protectorate over the islands.

The Matter Practically Settled.

London, Jan. 24.—The Berlin correspondents of the London morning papers still deal extensively with Samoa. The Times, dwelling upon the "Correct attitude of the German government as contrasted with the partisan demeanor of a large section of the German press," declares that the German government has no part in the attempts being made to discredit the policy and action of Great Britain and the United States. The Standard's correspondent hears that the whole matter is practically settled. He says none of the powers interested seem inclined to propose a conference, as, owing to the important changes that have occurred in the Pacific during the last year, it would be very difficult to modify the present convention. Tri-partition is out of the question and all the powers desire to maintain the status quo.

NOT LOGS ENOUGH.

One of Winona's Prominent Lumber Firms Selling Out.

Winona, Minn., Jan. 25.—Announcement is made that Youmans Bros. & Hodgins, one of Winona's four large lumber firms, are going out of business. For two years past through the Mississippi River Logging company, their source of log supply, they have been unable to get enough logs to run more than half their mill. They have sold their stock in this company to parties not at present made public. As soon as possible business will be wound up. The firm started here in 1857, and before the recent decline employed 325 men in the busy season.

THROUGH A HOSE.

Does a Man Breathe After Being Buried in a Sand Pit.

Red Wing, Minn., Jan. 25.—Edward Johnson was buried alive in a sand pit at Clay Bank for twenty-nine hours, and when extricated was uninjured. Johnson was working in the pit when a cave-in occurred, covering him as far as the shoulders. A garden hose was then thrown to him, when a second cave-in occurred, burying him under ten feet of sand. Through the hose Johnson breathed over twenty hours.

WISCONSIN'S DEADLOCK.

Twenty-Five Ballots Have Been Taken Without Result.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 25.—The Republican senatorial deadlock continues. Three ballots were taken in caucus last night, making twenty-five in all. The only change was that of Assemblyman Dromer of St. Croix county, who went from Cook to Stephenson. The last ballot stood: Quarles, 41; Stephenson, 24; Cook, 17; Babcock, 15; Webb, 10. To-day balloting for senator will begin in both houses in separate sessions.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

Railroad Man Robbed and Nearly Beaten to Death.

Oshkosh, Wis., Jan. 25.—Frank Orthrow, a young railroad man residing here, was found in the Northwestern yards with his mouth badly bruised and his head cut and unconscious. He was taken to the hospital, where it was found that his gold watch had been torn from the chain and was missing. It is thought that he was sandbagged and then placed on the rails to conceal the crime.

EARTHQUAKES IN GREECE.

Fresh Disturbances Occur, Causing Some Damage.

Athens, Jan. 25.—There have been fresh earthquakes in the province of Peloponnis, in the department of Vessania, on the Ionian coast. In the town of Kyparissia, a number of houses which had been damaged by the previous shocks, collapsed, injuring many. In one village fifty children were injured.

Voting Machines Indorsed.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The use of voting machines was approved by the house committee on the election of president and vice president at a favorable report was ordered on the bill so amending the statutes as to permit machine ballots when the state laws so authorized them.

Kipling Coming.

Liverpool, Jan. 25.—Among the passengers who will sail for New York on Wednesday on the Majestic are Mr. and Mrs. Rudyard Kipling.

BUTTERMAKERS MEET.

Convention of the Association at Sioux Falls.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Jan. 26.—About 2,500 delegates and visitors were present in the Auditorium yesterday when the seventh annual meeting of the creamery buttermakers of the United States was called to order. The delegates were welcomed by Judge C. S. Palmer on behalf of the state, H. H. Smith on behalf of the city and H. H. Keith for the business men's lodge. Response was made by W. W. Marsh, Waterloo, Iowa.

At the evening session W. S. Moore of Chicago read a paper on the history and objects of the association and the duties of the members. He advocated the passage by congress of a law taxing colored oleomargarine 10 cents per pound. G. W. Lautham of Linn Grove, Iowa, led the discussion on the best way of handling milk from the weigh can to the separator. L. F. Howe of Crete, Neb., and S. Haugdale of New Sweden, Minn., discussed the best way of handling cream from the separator to the finished product. At 11 o'clock the judges announced that the first prize in the separator class was won by A. W. McCall of Creston, Iowa, score 97; second prize by O. P. Jensen of Wells, Minn., score 96 1/2.

The first prize in gathered creameries was won by Herman Brock of Lake Park, Minn., score 91; second by M. M. Magnusen, Bee, Minn., score 90. The prize banner was won by Minnesota, the states and scores being as follows:

Minnesota 169 entries average 88.2
Illinois 40 entries average 88.1
Iowa 17 entries average 87.8
Wisconsin 69 entries average 86.9
Kansas 44 entries average 86.7
South Dakota 48 entries average 86.6

During these contests the state legislature, which came from Pierre in a special train, marched into the convention hall in a body. A grand parade takes place to-day.

FIRST FORMAL BALLOT.

Quarles Loses One Vote—A Later Caucus Shows No Change.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 26.—The first formal vote for United States senator to succeed John I. Mitchell, taken in each house of the legislature, resulted as follows:

Quarles, 40; Stephenson, 26; Babcock, 17; Cook, 18; Webb, 10; Ryan (Dem.), 21.

The only change on the Republican side from last night's caucus was Anderson from Quarles to Cook. Immediately after the session the Republicans resumed caucus and took eleven ballots with no change.

In the assembly, Hall introduced an anti-pass bill modeled after the New York law, reform to be accomplished by law instead of by constitutional amendment. In the senate, Dennate introduced a joint resolution embodying memorials to congress for serious consideration of legislation to elect United States senators by direct vote of the people.

NEW LUMBER CENTER.

Large Business Being Opened Up at Fall Lake.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 26.—Next summer Messrs. Simpson and Brown of Minneapolis, who are building a large sawmill at Fall Lake, near Ely, will build the beginning of what will be the first logging railroad in the Fall Lake lumbering district. Five miles will be built next summer and extensions will be made as fast as needed. Logs will be dumped into Fall lake and towed to the mill. It is estimated that there is between Fall lake and the boundary, including Hunters' Island, 1,300,000,000 feet of timber which will nearly all be sawed on Fall lake in coming years.

KNEW HE WAS INSANE.

Wisconsin Court Reporter Ends His Life in a Sensational Manner.

Janesville, Wis., Jan. 26.—Albert L. Kavelage, a circuit court reporter for twenty-six years and a prominent society man, committed suicide in a sensational manner. He walked onto the Court street bridge, climbed over the railing, hung on with one hand, drew a revolver with the other, shot himself in the head and fell into the Rock river. To a friend who was passing at the time he remarked that he had not slept for a week and was crazy.

ATTENDED BY LIND.

The Governor Familiarizing Himself With Prison Affairs.

Stillwater, Minn., Jan. 26.—The board of prison managers held a special meeting and the occasion was marked by the presence of Gov. Lind, although it did not appear that the governor's visit had any particular object further than to improve his acquaintance with the members of the board and his knowledge of the affairs under consideration by them.

Blind Piggers Snared.

White Earth, Minn., Jan. 25.—Two notorious blind piggers whom the Indian police have been after for a year, have been captured and taken to Detroit for a preliminary hearing.

Saw Mill Destroyed.

Osceola, Wis., Jan. 26.—Smith & Paulson's saw mill at Long lake, east of this place, burned. Loss, \$1,000; no insurance. It is thought that it was the work of incendiaries.

Marcus Wheeler Dead.

THE LEGISLATURE

Business Transacted by Minnesota Senate.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—If some stray Filipino had strayed into the house end of the capitol yesterday forenoon he might well have imagined that he had intruded into an executive session of the United States senate, busily engaged in the discussion of the proposed treaty of peace between Spain and the United States. Mr. West called up his resolution urging speedy action by the senate upon the peace treaty, and a debate followed that covered the whole Spanish war from Admiral Dewey's destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila bay down to the present hour, and much was said that would undoubtedly have been of value to the senate in its consideration of the treaty if the debate had occurred in that august presence. The resolution was passed by a vote of 101 to 4.

Several of the committees reported back to the house bills which had been referred to them with recommendations.

Among the important bills introduced were the following:

To provide for the erection of a public grain warehouse and elevators on or near the right of way of railways and providing for condemnation proceedings in connection therewith. To provide for the assessment and collection of taxes upon express companies. Prohibiting common carriers from requiring payment for revenue stamps upon bills of lading, telegraph messages, etc. To appropriate \$10,000 for the improvement and preservation of the state park at the Dalles of the St. Croix. To require commission merchants to keep a record of the names of consignors, etc. Relating to the liability of railway companies. Regulating the transportation of baggage by common carriers.

The Senate.

For an off day, with the ratification of Senator Davis' election coming between as a special order, the senate yesterday transacted a considerable amount of business. All the nominations of the governor were ratified.

A number of bills were reported back with recommendations by several of the committees.

The following bills were introduced: Relating to testimony of husband and wife. Relating to the assessment and collection of taxes. Relating to costs and disbursements of supreme court. To appropriate money to drain state capital lands in Kandiyohi county. To legalize sheriff's certificate issued in certain cases on mortgage foreclosure sales. To legalize conveyances of land unattested by witnesses or executed in blank. To repeal chapter 277, Laws of 1895, to prevent corrupt practices in elections.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—The policy of anti-expansion was championed in the senate yesterday by Senator Stockwell (Dem.) of Hennepin, who introduced a resolution calling upon the Minnesota delegation in congress to oppose vigorously any attempt on the part of the government to govern the people of any other country on earth without the consent of the people of that country. The senator believes it the province of this government to assist in all proper ways the peoples of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines to at once establish self-governing republics. The resolution went over under motion of debate.

The West house concurrent resolution urging congress to hasten the ratification of the peace treaty with Spain, was reported to the senate and went over under the rules to be considered later. The object of hastening the conclusion of the peace treaty is to secure the earlier return of the volunteer troops.

The senate, having passed through the preparatory stage of organization and election of United States senator, it has settled down to business in earnest, and in committee of the whole, with Senator J. D. Jones of Todd in the chair, took up general orders.

The following bills were introduced: Relating to the sale of forfeited property on tax sales. Requiring reports from corporations and concerns engaged in banking business not incorporated under the state laws. To appropriate money for the development of butter and cheesemaking. Prescribing the method of designating titles of bills amending Statutes of 1894; passed under suspension of the rules, regarding the form of summons in civil actions in justice courts. To amend an act to punish disturbers of public conveyances.

The House.

Work in committee of the whole commenced in the house yesterday. The date is unusually early, as such things go. A suspension of the rules was required to make it possible, as the rules provide that bills must lie over two days after being printed before being eligible for consideration in committee of the whole. There was nothing else to do, however, and Mr. Foss pointed out that whatever work was accomplished now would relieve the pressure later in the session. Mr. Roberts wanted the regular order pursued, and so Speaker Dore called him to the chair when the house decided to work on general orders. Considerable progress was made. Mr. Peterson's bill providing for a reduction of the rate of interest from 5 to 4 per cent and an extension of the time of final payment from forty to fifty years upon contracts for the sale of public lands was recommended to pass.

Relating to the care of the property of insane persons. Relating to the investment of the permanent school and university funds. To prohibit the issuing of passes by railroads and other persons and corporations to public officials, and to prohibit public officials from using passes or franks, and to punish parties violating the provisions of this act. To repeal chapter 13, General Laws of 1891, and the acts amendatory thereof, relating to the formation of farmers' mutual fire insurance companies.

St. Paul, Jan. 21.—There was a pyrotechnical display of oratory yesterday in the senate when Senator Stockwell (Dem.) of Hennepin called up his anti-expansion resolution of Thursday's session and asked that it be adopted. Senator Stockwell said that he felt that any appeal he could make would fall on deaf ears, although he believed that if senators stopped for sober, second thought they would favor the resolution. The debate was participated in by Senators Johnson, Thompson, Collier and Schaller. Senator Daugherty stopped the flood of oratory by moving the previous question. The resolution was defeated by a vote of 48 to 3.

In order, he said, that political matters might be disposed of at once, Senator Johnson (Dem.) of Nicollet county called up the West house resolution urging congress to hasten its action in passing the peace treaty with Spain, and moved that the senate do not concur. It met with a counter motion by Senator Knatvold of Freeborn to concur. Extended debate followed. The resolution was passed by a vote of 35 to 16.

The following bills were introduced: To provide against the adulteration of saccharine food products. Regulating the practice of pharmacy. Joint memorial to congress in favor of the McCleary bill for the relief of soldiers and sailors of the late war; passed under suspension of the rules. To license and regulate the business of selling agricultural products on commission. To amend the law defining a legal newspaper, to designate a legal newspaper for the publication of notices of delinquent tax sales. To provide for the punishment of persons found guilty of selling intoxicating liquors without a license.

A number of bills were reported back from committees with recommendations. The judiciary committee made its report on the Bierman land deed to the Great Northern railway, and the report was unanimously adopted. The report advises that further legislation is unnecessary and directs the attorney general to bring an action against the company to determine the validity of the land grant deed and whether the company can be compelled to pay taxes on the lands.

The senate adjourned until 10 o'clock Tuesday forenoon.

The House.

The house went into committee of the whole yesterday with Mr. Jacobson in the chair long enough to recommend for passage Mr. Fosness' bill to change the rule of evidence in certain cases. Mr. Fosness explained that his bill was designed to reach a state of affairs that has grown up in his county of Chippewa and adjoining counties in the controversy between the Russell Sage interest growing out of the Hastings & Dakota land grant and the settlers. By misrepresentation as to the actual condition of the title Mr. Fosness alleges the settlers in a number of cases have been induced to take leases of Sage. The supreme court has held that action can not be maintained to dispute the title by a party who is in actual possession. He must have been deprived of possession before he can bring the action. Mr. Fosness' bill provides for this contingency.

The following bills were passed: Providing for the reimbursement of counties for the expense attendant upon the commitment of insane persons who are residents of other counties. To allow the Minnesota Valley Historical society to erect a monument upon the land of the state near Morton, perpetuating the names of the Sioux Indians who were faithful to the whites during the massacre of 1862.

The following bills were introduced: To prohibit the practice of blacklisting and provide a punishment therefor. For the destruction of wolves and paying a bounty therefor. Relating to the liability of employers to their employees for personal injuries. To require railroads to furnish free transportation for the shippers of live stock in certain cases. Relating to attachment to enforce liens on logs and timber. To aid assessors to reach taxable property in certain cases. Providing for the preservation of the forests of the state and the prevention of forest fires. To facilitate the redemption of vacant land from tax sales.

St. Paul, Jan. 23.—The Peterson bill to reduce the rate of interest on state and contracts ran against a formidable obstruction in the house Saturday in the shape of an exceedingly clear and forceful exposition by Mr. Dwinell of Minneapolis of the reasons why he did not think the bill should pass, reinforced by an array of figures presented by Mr. Lynds of Cloquet. The bill was at the head of the house calendar for third reading and passage. Mr. Bush of Olmsted raised the first objection. He said that he had first favored the bill, but upon subsequent examination he feared the bill would perhaps cost the school fund \$25,000 to \$50,000 a year. The bill should at least be further scrutinized. Mr. Dwinell and Mr. Lynds followed with their arguments against the bill, and it was finally made a special order for Wednesday.

Mr. Laybourn was in the chair during the consideration of bills in committee of the whole. The only bill which occasioned any considerable discussion was one by Mr. Staples, appropriating \$24,500 to defray the expenses of the Minnesota exhibit at Omaha. A favorable recommendation was secured, but only after there was developed an unexpected degree of opposition.

The following bills were introduced: To regulate the business of private banking. Relating to the assessment and collection of taxes. To appropriate \$5,000 for the relief of Grace Ramsey and F. W. Ramsey, her husband, for personal injuries received by said Grace Ramsey at the Rochester hospital. To amend General Statutes of 1894, relating to actions for personal injuries.

The senate was not in session.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—The house seems quite ready to again put itself on record as favoring the election of the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners. Two years ago a bill to this end passed the lower house, but was side-tracked in the senate. One of the first bills introduced at this session was H. F. No. 10, by Mr. Torson of Watowau, renewing the former proposal. The committee on general legislation promptly recommended it for passage, and yesterday it came up in committee of the whole. While no conclusive action was taken, the debate proceeded far enough to make it apparent that there is very little division of sentiment on the main proposition.

Another matter in committee of the whole which gave rise to considerable discussion but ended more conclusively, was the question of the time of holding the annual school meetings in the common school districts of the state. Prior to 1897 the time was fixed by law for the third Saturday in July. Two years ago the legislature changed the time to the third Saturday in June. Mr. Guttersen of Blue Earth introduced a bill to restore the law as it stood before the amendment of two years ago. After considerable debate the bill was recommended to pass.

The following bills were passed in regular order:

A bill for an act to amend section 5518 of the General Statutes of 1898, relating to actions in courts. A bill for an act to legalize and validate deeds and other instruments executed without a seal, scroll or device opposite the name of the grantor and the record thereof. A bill for an act to enable and authorize cities having a population of 10,000 or less to issue certificates of indebtedness in certain cases. A bill for an act to legalize the execution and record of certain instruments authorizing attorneys to foreclose mortgages by advertisement.

Following bills were introduced:

To increase the capacity of the state prison building twine plant. To legalize acknowledgements taken by notaries public in certain cases. The senate was not in session.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—The bill to defray the expenses of the Omaha exhibit, introduced by Mr. Staples, was at the head of the calendar in the house yesterday. Mr. Marin had a word of opposition to offer. He was not opposed to the payment of the bills for which the state had actually received some benefit, but he thought there were included some items of expense for which there was no adequate return. Gov. Yale said he had opposed an appropriation two years ago because he did not think an exhibit would pay the state. He favored an appropriation now because he thought the exhibit had paid. Mr. Helmerdinger took the same view of the case, as did also Mr. Bush and Mr. Elwell. The bill was passed by a vote of 80 to 23.

The railroad commission was again a subject of discussion in committee of the whole. Mr. Dwinell in the chair. Mr. Jacobson opened the ball by proposing an amendment requiring that the state nominating conventions should take up the nomination of these officers immediately after naming the governor and lieutenant governor. The amendment was adopted without objection.

Mr. Grondahl renewed his amendment, defeated the day before, providing for a four-year term, one commissioner to be elected at one election and two at the next. This amendment was adopted without substantial opposition.

The following bills were passed:

Appropriating \$25,400 to pay the expenses of the Minnesota exhibit at Omaha. Relating to the organization of townships and school districts in newly organized counties. Changing the time of holding the annual school meetings in common school districts.

The following bills were introduced:

To define and punish vagrancy. Relating to the band of the state treasurer. Providing for the sale and use of mileage books on the railroads of this state. Regulating the sale of binding twine manufactured at the state prison. Relating to the payment of claims against counties. Defining what shall constitute public stock yards and regulating charges. To prohibit misrepresentation in the sale of life and casualty insurance.

The Senate.

The senate attended strictly to business yesterday, and, as a result, it finished the day's business before noon.

In response to the senate resolution asking for a report of all fee officers as to their earnings and those of their clerks, A. D. Stevens, surveyor general of logs and lumber for the Seventh district, reported as follows: Total amount received in fees, etc., \$348.16; total amount disbursed, \$390.76; deficit, \$42.60.

L. A. Rosing, Gov. Lind's private secretary, reported the earnings of the governor's private secretary for 1898 as \$3,043.

In committee of the whole yesterday the senate recommended for passage S. F. No. 53, to legalize and validate deeds, mortgages, powers of attorney, etc., executed without seal, scroll or device opposite the name of grantor and the record thereof. Debate on S. F. No. 21, to give private orphan asylums the same authority as the state public schools in regard to removing children from their parents, etc., was saved by the author, Senator Snyder, moving that progress be reported.

The following bills were introduced: To authorize counties to purchase land for county agricultural fairs. To amend section 12, chapter 2, Laws of 1893, relating to the new state capital building. To legalize foreclosures of mortgages heretofore made by foreign executors. To validate sales of real estate heretofore ordered in certain instances by judges of probate courts. To amend the laws regulating the payment of bounty for the killing of wolves; for second reading. To amend the Statutes of 1894 relating to parties to civil actions; passed under suspension of rules—15 to 0.

COLUMBUS' BODY HERE.

Sioux City Man Says It Is in the United States.

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 26.—According to J. S. Browning of Sioux City, of the bureau of awards during the world's fair, the dust of Columbus is private hands in this country. "One of the best known collectors of bric-a-brac and curios in America," he declares, "has the remains. I know him personally, though not at liberty to give his name. He bought them from a Spaniard who approached him with such a proposition during the world's fair. The price paid was \$5,000. The dust is either in New York or Washington, but my friend did not get the valuable relics which the Spaniards are said to have found missing when they opened the casket on its arrival in Madrid. He had incontrovertible evidence that he was really getting Columbus' remains and I think will soon make public the details of his purchases."

WORK OF CONGRESS

Washington, Jan. 19.—The feature of yesterday's session of the senate was a speech delivered by Mr. Bacon of Georgia in support of his resolutions declaring that the United States would not assume sovereignty over the Philippine islands. Mr. Bacon is one of the orators of the senate, and as he gave himself free reign, not confining himself to manuscript, he spoke strongly and pointedly. His peroration, in which he pictured some of England's methods of controlling her colonial subjects, was a beautiful and forcible bit of word painting. Following Mr. Bacon's speech the Nicaragua canal bill was taken up and remained under discussion until 6 o'clock. Amendment after amendment was voted down, and until almost the last moment it seemed likely a vote on the measure would be reached, but just as a final vote was to be called for Mr. Allison exploded a bomb under the bill by offering an amendment providing that the secretary of the treasury should issue bonds to raise money with which to construct the canal. The friends of the measure then consented to an adjournment.

The House.

The committee on interstate and foreign commerce had the right of way in the house and succeeded in passing quite a number of bills of minor importance, most of which authorized the construction of the lighthouse fog signals, etc. Then the bill to grant the Pacific Cable company a subsidy of \$100,000 a year for twenty years for the construction and operation of a cable was called up and a very spirited debate, which consumed the remainder of the day, followed. The opposition was headed by Mr. Corliss of Michigan, who advocated the construction of a government cable. No conclusion was reached at the hour of adjournment, and as the special order under which the house was operating expired yesterday with adjournment, and as objection was made to fixing another day for its consideration, it goes over indefinitely until the committee can get another day, or until a special order is adopted.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The senate listened further to discussion of the policy of expansion. Mr. Turner of Washington, Pop., delivered a carefully prepared speech on the Vest resolution. The speech was for the most part a constitutional argument in which Mr. Turner took issue with Senator Platt and Senator Foraker on their recent utterances. At the conclusion of Mr. Turner's argument Mr. Foraker took some sharp exceptions to statements made in this speech, especially those referring to him personally. He explained at length the nature of his statement, declaring, among other things, that he had spoken only for himself, and had had no intention or desire to pose as the representative of the administration so far as his utterances were concerned. Referring to the interested comment which had been aroused in Great Britain by his statement, he said: "I was not speaking for the administration, and the chill that went up and down the backs of our friends in London was due, perhaps, to a misapprehension as to which of the Ohio senators was speaking."

The Nicaragua canal bill was under consideration nearly three hours. After much debate a substitute presented by Mr. Morgan of Alabama for the bond amendment offered by Mr. Allison was adopted. It provides that the secretary of the treasury shall not pay out for work on the canal more than \$20,000,000 during any fiscal year. Earnest efforts were made to amend the measure in other particulars but all failed.

The House.

The house practically decided the Brown-Swanson contested election case from the Fifth Virginia district in favor of the sitting member, Mr. Swanson, a Democrat, by declining to consider the case. Twenty-four Republicans joined with the Democrats and Populists on this vote. The postoffice appropriation bill was then taken up. The greatest surprise of the day was the adoption of two amendments striking out of the bill the appropriation of \$171,000 for the fast Southern mail and \$25,000 for special mail facilities from Kansas City to Newton, Kan. This appropriation for the Southern mail has been fought annually for six or seven years but has always been retained. The increase in the appropriation for the pneumatic tube service from \$225,000 to \$300,000 was knocked out by the elimination of the provision which fell under a point of order, or the repeal of the law against the extension of this service. The house adjourned with a motion to recommit it pending. The motion carried instructions to strike out the words "newly acquired territory" in connection with an appropriation of \$300,000 for mail facilities in Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The proceedings in the house were enlivened yesterday by a wordy duel between Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio and Mr. Lewis, the picturesque member from Washington. During the debate on a private bill to refer to the court of claims the claim of Cramp & Sons, the Philadelphia shipbuilders, for damages from the government for delay in building the battleships Columbia, New York and Massachusetts, for failure to supply armor plate in time. Mr. Lewis made this a text for attacking government contractors, who he charged with being traitors and imposing on the government in time of stress. Mr. Simpson of Kansas followed along the same lines and Mr. Grosvenor undertook to rebuke them both. Mr. Lewis, in his reply, made one of the wittiest speeches, ridiculing the Ohioan for his alleged pretensions that have been heard in the house for months. Mr. Grosvenor did not deign to make an extensive reply, though he displayed a bundle of documents and intimated that he had plenty of reserve ammunition in stock for Mr. Lewis. The Cramps bill was edged out of the way after the flow of oratory ceased. Late in the day the postoffice appropriation bill was finally passed and just before the recess Speaker Reed put an end to speculation regarding the chairmanship of the ways and means committee by appointing Mr. Payne of New York to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Digley. This carries with it the floor leadership of the majority. At the same time he

filled the Democratic vacancy on the ways and means and rules committees caused by the retirement of Mr. McMillin, by appointing Mr. Richardson of Tennessee to both places. Mr. Crumpacker of Indiana was appointed on census. An arrangement was made for the consideration of the army reorganization bill beginning next Tuesday. Fifteen hours are to be allowed for general debate, exclusive of night sessions Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday nights. A night session was held last night for pension legislation and the house then adjourned over until Monday.

In the Senate.

The senate was in session for five hours and a half yesterday but the session was practically barren of results. Two notable speeches were delivered, one by Mr. Nelson of Minnesota in opposition to Mr. Vest's anti-expansion resolution and another by Mr. White of California, a personal explanation of his position with respect to the instructions given the California senators by the legislature in that state as to voting on the pending peace treaty. At the conclusion of the speeches the senate resumed consideration of the Nicaragua Canal bill. Its completion was prevented probably by the filibustering tactics announced by Mr. Tillman, who frankly announced that the bill could not be passed yesterday as he and other senators, if necessary, would remain in the chamber until midnight to prevent a final vote.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Discussion of the policy of expansion occupied nearly all the time of the senate in open session yesterday. Mr. White of California, one of the Democrats who has announced heretofore his opposition to ratification of the treaty of peace, addressed the senate in support of the anti-expansion resolution introduced by Mr. Vest and another resolution offered by Mr. Bacon declaring that the Philippines ought to be free and independent. Mr. White is a brilliant speaker, and he was complimented by his colleagues and a large audience in the galleries with careful attention. He did not enter into a discussion of expansion as a policy of this government. He maintained that such a policy was contrary to its history and traditions. He declared his opposition to the ratification of the pending treaty of peace, but broadly intimated that a declaration of definite policy on the part of the administration would very much simplify the situation, and, as a matter of good faith ought not to be antagonized by the advocates of the treaty's ratification.

In the House.

It was District of Columbia day in the house and the major portion of the day was devoted to local legislation. The only action of public opinion was the passage of the bill to extend the navigation laws of the United States to the Hawaiian islands. One of the provisions of the bill grants American register to all vessels flying the Hawaiian flag owned by Hawaiian citizens July 7, 1898.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Two notable speeches were delivered in the senate, one by Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts and the other by Mr. Clay of Georgia. While the senators differed diametrically as to the policy of expansion, upon which they dwelt, both are in favor of the immediate ratification of the pending peace treaty. They contend that once the treaty is ratified congress will have full power to deal with conditions respecting the territory acquired during the war with Spain, and not before. Mr. Lodge particularly argued for a formal declaration of peace, which could be had only on the ratification of the treaty. That accomplished, he was willing to trust the American congress and the American people to deal fairly, justly and patriotically with the Philippine islands, with full regard to the principles of our own government as set forth in the constitution and the declaration of independence. Mr. Clay was inclined to the belief that it might be desirable for congress to make a declaration of intention regarding the Philippines before the treaty was ratified. He strongly opposed expansion practically on the ground that it would necessitate the maintenance of an expensive standing army.

The House.

The debate on the army reorganization bill opened in the house under an agreement by which the general debate is to run fifteen hours exclusive of three night sessions, the final vote to be taken not later than 3 o'clock next Tuesday. Practically three propositions are before the house. The house bill providing for a standing army of 100,000 men, the minority substitute, increasing the standing army to 30,000 men and lodging with the president discretionary power to call out 50,000 volunteers for emergency service, and a proposition to continue temporarily the regular army at its present war strength—62,000 men.

MAY BE IMPORTANT.

Communication From Aguinaldo Is Lodged at State Department.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Senor Lopez, secretary to Aguinaldo, the Washington representative of Aguinaldo, called at the state department and lodged with the chief clerk a communication, which, according to the common expectation, marked the critical stage in the Filipino situation. This is the third attempt made by the Filipino representative to secure official recognition from the United States government. Secretary Hay, at the time the communication was presented, was attending a meeting of the cabinet at the White House, so that all Chief Clerk Michael could do under the circumstances was to receive the paper as he would any other handed in to him. The advices from Manila which have reached the war department are far from reassuring.

CUBAN BREAK REPORTED.

Unpleasant Rumor Reaches Gen. Menocal at Havana.

Havana, Jan. 26.—A report reached Gen. Menocal that Gen. Rabi, with 1,500 insurgents, had taken to the hills in Santa Clara in defiance of American authority. Rabi is a full-blooded Guantanamo Indian and a hard fighter. Menocal hopes the report may prove untrue.

WASHINGTON CHAT

Complaints have been received by the Indian commissioner, from Indian agents in the Northwest that the rations allowed the pupils in Indian schools were insufficient. The school ration was made up by the Indian office some time ago upon reports received by the various agents, and it was the understanding that they were satisfactory. The complaints of the agents were submitted to the secretary of agriculture, who referred the matter to experts. A report has been submitted by Secretary Wilson to the effect that the rations are sufficient in quantity and nutrition.

It was recently stated that probably

Capt. Mercer, assigned to the new agency at Leech Lake, would be directed to join his regiment, owing to the desire of the war department officials to have all commissioned officers perform active military service. Upon the personal request of Secretary Bliss, Capt. Mercer has been retained and directed to proceed to Leech Lake as soon as he straightened his accounts and completed the transfer of the agency property to his successor at Omaha, who has already been named.

Representative McCleary is preparing a bill providing for the payment by the government of the expenses for medical attendance incurred by soldiers of the late war while at home on sick furlough. The representative is in consultation with the surgeon general on the details of the measure.

While efforts are being made by the

Minnesota delegation to have two additional companies of the Seventh Infantry detailed for duty at Snelling and Walker, it is said at the department that it is not believed that any more troops can be spared for duty in Minnesota at this time. The request that an additional officer be detailed for the company at Snelling has been allowed. Some one evidently erred, as it was found that it was impracticable to send a detachment to Walker, as only one commissioned officer was detailed for duty with the company at Snelling. An officer has been ordered to proceed from Fort Wayne, Mich., to take a detachment to Walker.

The resolution presented by Senator Platt of Connecticut calling for all data in the hands of Secretary Bliss with reference to timber operations on the Chippewa reservations, has been referred to the secretary for report. The secretary has requested the land and Indian commissioners to prepare the information on the subject, and it is probable this will be submitted to the senate committee on appropriations the latter part of next week.

Senator Platt's action does not contemplate a congressional investigation of the timber operations, but is designed to aid the committee in considering the amendment in the Indian appropriation bill affecting the timber operations.

The action of the senate committee in incorporating in the Indian appropriation bill, as reported, an amendment for the support of sectarian schools, which was stricken out by the house committee, was a surprise to officials of the interior department. While it is believed that the amendment will be adopted by the senate, it will probably precipitate a contest when the bill is referred to the conference committee. The friends of the proposition will make a strong fight in support of the amendment, and the outcome is looked forward to with interest. It is understood that the Indian commissioner has prepared a statement against the amendment. That official declined to say whether such a statement would be filed. Commissioner Jones strongly supports the policy of the department against further governmental support of sectarian schools.

Land Commissioner Hermann reports that after careful consideration of the subject he has concluded there is no necessity for increasing the corps of examiners now estimating pine on the Chippewa reservations. The commissioner recently said that when the increased funds for the expenses of the corps were made available, additional cruisers could be put to work. In order to complete it within two years. The commissioner now believes the present corps is large enough to finish the work in the time named.

Indian Commissioner Jones has submitted an important amendment to the senate committee on Indian affairs, now considering the Indian appropriation bill, with reference to the disposal of the timber question on the White Earth and Red Lake reservations. The amendment proposes that the pine on the lands under the jurisdiction of the Indian office shall be cut and disposed of at the option of the Indian commissioner, under the direction of the secretary of the interior. The amendment is important for the reason that, if adopted, it will result in a radical change in the method of cutting timber on the diminished Chippewa reservations, as it is known that Commissioner Jones does not approve of the system. Commissioner Jones is favorably impressed with the policies for the disposition of Indian timber in vogue on the reservations in Wisconsin. On the Menominee reservation in that state timber is cut by the Indians, barked and sold on government scale to the highest bidder. On the reservations of the La Pointe agency, on Lake Superior, the system is to authorize mill men to put up mills on the reservation and employ Indian labor in logging and manufacturing the lumber on the reservation. This system has been so successful, especially in developing Indian labor, that the Indian office claims that 83 per cent of labor employed in the woods and around the mills on the La Pointe reservation is Indian labor. The purpose of the Indian office being not only to give the best possible results to the Indians in respect to the net proceeds to be derived from the timber operations, but, also, to give the Indians employment, the officials favor the plan for manufacturing on the reservation, although the Menominee system of logging and selling on the bank to the highest bidder is also popular.

A bill is now pending in the house, introduced by Representative Eddy, the purpose of which is similar to the amendment suggested by Commissioner Jones. It provides, however, that the cut shall be limited each season.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

W. H. INGERSOLL. P. W. WIELAND.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 8, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.
We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.
All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1898.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 27, 1898.

The Walker Pilot denies that Walker is booming. The denial was unnecessary.

MILLIONAIRE MINE OWNER CLARK seems to have the best of the senatorial fight in Montana.

The republicans won out in the senatorial fight in West Virginia, Scott, the republican nominee, being elected Wednesday.

An agreement has been reached, by unanimous consent in the United States senate, to vote on the ratification of the peace treaty with Spain on Feb. 6th. Its adoption officially ends the war with Spain.

The North Dakota senatorial muddle was settled by the selection of P. J. McCumber, a prominent lawyer of Wahpeton. Mr. McCumber is said to be able and clean, and his selection is praised by both factions of republicans in the state.

The St. Paul Globe says that Charlie Towne and silver republicans are nothing but the tail of the democratic dog, and suggests its time to cut off the tail. That would be the most unkindest cut of all. Just think what Towne has sacrificed (?) for principle!

A BILL is before the Wisconsin legislature providing for marriage licenses in that state where none are required now. This is a blow at the marriage industry of the Wisconsin ministers. A bill has passed one house of the North Dakota legislature requiring a residence of one year instead of three months before divorce proceedings can be commenced. This is a blow at the divorce industry of the North Dakota lawyers. The professional men seem to be having a hard time of it lately.

A BILL has been introduced into the legislature providing for the division of the money received from the gross earnings tax among the counties of the state in proportion to the amount of railroad property each contains. It is nothing more than simple justice that this should be done, as the communities where the railroad property is located has to provide fire and police protection for said property and no revenue is obtained from it to do so. It is a meritorious measure and should pass.

A Bounty on Pig Iron.

An attempt is being made to secure the passage of a bill in the legislature whereby the state will pay a bounty of 75 cents a ton on all pig iron manufactured in the state. At present there is not a pound manufactured in Minnesota. Thousands of tons of ore are shipped east and transformed into pig iron and shipped back into the state for use every year. The friends of the measure insist that if the state would pay a small bounty, the same as is now paid for beet sugar, just to start the iron manufacturing business and secure the establishment of expensive plants here, in a few years all of the vast quantities of ore now mined here would also be manufactured here, and the state would be dotted with large manufacturing towns like portions of the east. The iron plants are expensive to build and are already located in the east, and it will require some extra inducement for them to rebuild out west, hence it is proposed to pay a bounty for a period of years. Its friends argue that if no iron is manufactured it will cost nothing, and on all that is manufactured the labor and profit and taxes deprived from the investment will pay the bounty many times over. The idea seems a good one, and should receive the thoughtful consideration of the legislature.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Items of Interest in Neighboring Towns
Gleaned from Exchanges and from
Special Correspondents.

Rev. G. W. Gallagher, of the First Congregational church, of this city, lectured at Aitkin on Wednesday night, and the Aitkin Republican says concerning the lecture: "Mr. Gallagher is a talented speaker, and the way he presented his subject showed him to be a student and thinker as well."

The St. Cloud Journal-Press says: "C. A. Gilman, late state librarian, came up from St. Paul last night to attend to private matters. Mr. Gilman and his family will remain in St. Paul during the cold months. He reports Miss Constance Gilman practically recovered from her recent severe illness, but says she is still very weak."

A Washington dispatch to the Minneapolis Tribune says: "A. L. Cole, of Brainerd, Minn., is very apprehensive of another Indian uprising. He has petitioned the war department for more troops than the one company of the Seventh infantry at Walker. The department thinks Fort Snelling is near enough to afford ample protection."

DEERWOOD NEWS.

Mr. Rathvon will start up his sawmill this week.

Mr. John Engman is sick with pneumonia at the Brainerd hospital.

Mrs. John Lindquist visited her sister at Jonesville on Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. Reimstad, of Brainerd, was a Deerwood visitor on Saturday, Jan. 14th.

Miss Jeannette Vinjie left Sunday to commence her term of school in Oak Lawn.

Miss Della Behlmer spent Saturday and Sunday here with relatives and friends.

Mr. Hansen, of Hamlet Lake, had the misfortune to lose two of his cows this week.

Services will be held every two weeks in the new church. Everybody should come.

Mrs. Robert Archibald and Little Edgar, who have been on the sick, are now improving.

Mr. John Hoving, roadmaster of the Fergus Falls division, was a Deerwood visitor last Friday.

Little Freddie Craig has been on the sick list for a couple of weeks, but is now doing better.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Adams left for Duluth and Superior the latter part of last week for a weeks' visit with friends.

The Deerwood String Band is practicing evenings and the boys are getting to be quite good players, and will soon be a credit to the town.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and Mr. Valentyne were among the Brainerd people that attended the dedication of the new church on Sunday, also several from Aitkin, Dr. Kelly, Mrs. Gwathmey and Mr. Hense being among the number.

The new Methodist church was dedicated Sunday, Jan. 15th, three ministers being present, Dr. Forbes, of Duluth, who conducted the services, Rev. Loomis, of Brainerd, and W. A. Hunt, the pastor at Deerwood. The church was crowded, and a collection of over \$60 was taken up.

The Scandinavian Aid Society held its annual meeting last Tuesday at the residence of Mr. Cron. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Mrs. Olsen Skow, president; Miss Blom, secretary; Mrs. Cron, treasurer. They decided to have a sale of goods Feb. 18th, in the Deerwood schoolhouse. **

KATRINE GLEANINGS.

Miss Emma Coleman leaves for Superior on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hill and Mrs. Wilson visited friends near Deerwood on Tuesday.

The fine weather has revived the party spirit for which Bay Lake is justly famed.

There will be a prayer meeting and Epworth League services at G. A. Hunt's every Sunday evening hereafter. All are cordially invited to attend.

There will be a surprise party at the home of G. A. Hunt on Wednesday evening, the 25th. It is to be hoped that he will remain at home on that evening.
The "Thinking Cap Society," as-

sisted by the "Katrine School Literary Society," will give an entertainment at the school house on Saturday evening, February 4th.

Owing to the kindness of the genial proprietor of the lumber camp, Mr. Scott, a party of Katrine people were permitted to view the camp buildings, and were treated to a sumptuous repast by Mr. Brockway, who initiated the ladies into the mysteries of cooking on a large scale.

There was an archery party held at D. Archibald's on the 20th in honor of Mrs. E. Coleman, who is soon to depart for Wisconsin. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Wasserzieher and son, of Long Lake, and Mr. Will Coffin, of Deerwood. Everyone had a fine time, and some of the gentlemen failing to hit a heart were obliged to sue for a partner.

GARRISON GEMS.

Mrs. Nelson Francis, who has been sick with neuralgia, is getting better.

Miss Hannah Jabe has gone to Minneapolis to spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. Gruenhagen.

Miss Pearl Maddock who has been visiting relatives at Bordon lake returned home yesterday.

Wolves are plentiful in this country. Mr. Jake Workman killed one on Round lake last week.

Mr. H. R. Perry, who had the misfortune to lose his house by fire, intends to build the coming spring.

Mr. J. Varner has been sick for the past month. If you want to know what ails him ask Emery Scott.

Miss Selma Wunderlick and Mr. Anderson arrived here on Saturday for a visit with friends and relatives at Garrison.

There are no tramps traveling the roads these days. Work is plenty, the camps are full and good wages are paid.

Mrs. Garrison, who moved to her new house that was erected this fall, is pleasantly situated on the shore of the grand Mille Lacs lake.

There will be a grand ball held at Chris Wilson's, the 14th of February near Bay Lake. A good time is expected and everybody is invited.

Mr. Charles Wunderlick, while totting for Mr. Grey almost had his horses killed about a week ago. He was going up a hill when a large load of logs met him about half way up, he got his horses out of the road but the logging sled caught his sled and broke it all up.

Last Sunday night about 2 o'clock Mr. A. Bryant was returning from the home of a certain H. Scott, and as he went across Bordon lake he heard something say, "Who! Who! Who! Looking around hastily he exclaimed, "I am Mr. Scott's son-in-law sir, who are you?"
GRANDMOTHER GARBOO.

STORE your HOUSEHOLD Goods with D. M. Clark & Co.

KLONDIKE NUGGETS.

Fine weather at Klondike.

Mr. J. Hastings and Mr. W. Johnson took a trip to Aitkin on Monday.

Mr. Chas. Shurint was very badly hurt last Saturday by the falling of a log.

The Messrs. Oswald Bros. leave for Glenwood today; also Chris Lyons.

The saw mills at Klondike are rather slow in getting to sawing. Every one is very anxious to see things get to running.

WALKER ITEMS.

The members of Co. A, Fort Bacon, will give a dance some time this month.

Edna, daughter of L. W. Chase of the Pameda, has gone to Duluth, where she will be under the care of Dr. Lum for a few days.

Mrs. Chas. Kinkili, accompanied by her sister, Miss Annie Griebek, has gone on a few days' visit to her relatives in Brainerd and Long Prairie.

For Sale—A full set of saloon fixtures and also a stock of liquors, which I will sell cheap. Apply to Otto Dettler, Staples, Minn.

The Best Cough Remedy on Earth.
Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, Consumption Cure, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong. 25 and 50 cts.
For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO.

DON'T GO IT BLIND.

There's no Need to in Brainerd—The Way is Almost Hedged With Guide Posts.

Have you ever read a newspaper article, a glowing account of some incident told in elusive words to lead you on and found it ended up with a proprietary medicine advertisement? Made you mad, didn't it? And were you convinced of the merit of the article? We think not because it told of the experience of some stranger in a far away town. To take his word for it was like going it blind. It's a very different thing when a statement is prescribed from a citizen, from people we know, and that is the case here.

Mrs. C. Dressen, of Seventh St. south, says: "When I commenced taking Doan's Kidney Pills I was suffering very severely with a lame back. I had this complaint by spells and at such time it was exceedingly painful for me to bend my back, say to put a stick of wood in the fire, for the stooping and straightening caused severe twinges. This was my condition when I saw Doan's Kidney Pills so highly recommended at Swartz's drug store that I procured a box and used it. This was some time ago, but my back is well and has never given me any trouble since. I think Doan's Kidney Pills a splendid medicine for such complaints."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

A fine line of Nobby Cutters at HESSEL'S, Fourth street, near the Northern Pacific track.

Extra Special Photographic.

For a limited time we will give to Each Customer who has a dozen of our best...

Platino Cabinets,
At \$3.00 Per Dozen.

A 3-4 LIFE SIZE

Special Process Portrait, for \$1.00 Extra....

THIS ought to bring 500 orders the FIRST week. Call and see samples at our Studio.

J. D. McColl
PHOTOGRAPHER.

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We have meats of all kinds, and keep only the best and freshest on the market. Our prices are reasonable. Come in and see us.

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Sixth Street South.

FARMERS' WIVES
or any other ladies who wish to work
Can Earn Lots of Money

working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address

Winoosket Co. [38-7] Boston, Mass.
Mfg. Dept.

S. & J. W. KOOP,

Wholesale and Retail
Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions,
Flour and Feed.

Brick Manufacturer.

Railroad Ties Bought
For Cash.

Goods Promptly Delivered
to all Parts of the City.

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We have CONSTANTLY ON HAND a Complete Stock of Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Building Material.

SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

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We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *

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C. B. WHITE,

Contractor and Builder.

This is What We Carry:

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wood Stock and

Builders' Hardware.

Also Tools of All Kinds, Glass, Rope, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Wagons, Etc.

SHOP WORK of all kinds done promptly.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

Walker Block, Laurel Street.

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.			
TIME CARD—BRainerd.			
EAST BOUND:		Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	12:10 p. m.	12:30 p. m.	
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:10 a. m.	3:30 a. m.	
No. 12—Duluth Mail	1:40 p. m.	1:55 p. m.	
No. 54, Duluth Freight	9:15 a. m.	10:15 a. m.	
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:55 p. m.	9:40 p. m.	
WEST BOUND:		Arrive.	Depart.
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:50 p. m.	2:10 p. m.	
No. 11, Pacific Mail	5:40 p. m.	5:50 p. m.	
No. 13—Duluth Mail	11:30 p. m.	11:40 p. m.	
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:00 p. m.	5:10 p. m.	
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58. Trains 11 & 14 delay, all others daily ex. Sunday.			
L. F. & D. BRANCH No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris.			
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd.			6:30 a. m.
Daily Except Sunday.		5:15 p. m.	
W. D. McKay Agt. Chas. S. Fox, G. P. A. Brainerd, Minn. ST. PAUL, MINN.			
Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.			

Notice of Final Proof.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn.,
Dec. 17, 1898.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register U. S. Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., on Thursday, February 2nd, 1899, viz: Lars M. Hope, H. E. No. 12398 for the SE 1/4 NE 1/4 SE 1/4 and SW 1/4 SE 1/4, Section 2, Township 124, Range 20.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: William H. Elliott, of Brainerd, Minn., Bert Tuholsky, of Brainerd, Minn., Peter B. Peterson, of Ellinger, Minn., Andrew M. Hope, of Sylvan, Minn.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn.,
Dec. 19, 1898.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday, January 31, 1899, viz: Charles Merchant for the lot 7, section 12, township 46, range 28.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Gust Calvin, Charles Peterson, Ole M. Olson, Andrew G. Peterson, P. O. address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

F. J. MURPHY,
Successor to J. M. ELDER.
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All kinds of plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.

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Room 16, First National Bank Block,
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J. L. FREDERICK, D. M. D.
DENTIST.
Rooms 9 and 10 First National Bank B'k,
BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.

DRS. CAMP & THABES,
Physicians and Surgeons.
Office in First National Bank Block.
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 10 p. m.
Night Calls received at Office.
Telephone Call, 7-2.
BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.

DR. A. F. GROVES,
Physician & Surgeon.
Office over McFadden Drug Co.'s Store.
Residence, Cor. 4th and Kingwood Sts.
Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Telephone Call: Office—3-3, Residence—14-3.
BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.

McPHERSON & REIMSTAD,
Physicians and Surgeons.
Office in First Nat. Bank B'k.
OFFICE HOURS—From 9 to 10 A. M. and from 2 to 4 and 7 to 8:30 P. M.

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FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM
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LETTER FROM MANILA.
A Former Well Known Brainerd Boy
Writes of His Experience in
the Philippines.

We are permitted to publish the following letter from Manila, from the pen of Timothy Enright to his brother in this city. Mr. Enright resided in this city several years, being employed in the N. P. boiler shops. When war broke out with Spain he desired very much to go, but was unable to get in the first call. He joined the company that was formed here after Dewey's victory, but soon became satisfied that he could not get to the front in this way, so when the second call was made he quit his job at once and left for St. Paul where he joined the recruits that were sent to Manila. The following is the letter:

MANILA, Dec. 4, 1898.
DEAR BRO. MAURICE:—Your welcome letter of Oct. 11th came to hand a few days ago, and I was pleased to hear from you. We are all well and prospering as I write these few lines.
Well, M. J., it may interest you to know what kind of a place Manila is, so I will try and describe it to you. This is the 4th day of December, and we are all eating ice cream and going bare-footed around the quarters and using fans and every available method to keep from roasting, for it is 90 in the shade here. Our quarters are about three miles from the sea shore, and the tide often comes right up to the doorsteps, for Manila is only two feet above the sea level, and I have often waded in three feet of salt water while walking my beat, and these are generally the times when we have the most trouble. The 13th Minn. is the police of the city, and we have very hard work compared with other regiments, for we have a hard class of people to deal with, and I am sorry to say we often find it necessary to use the old Springfield to keep order. Our regiment has gained quite a reputation here, and the people are beginning to see that we are not the cowardly curs they set us down for.

The city is in two parts. Old and New Manila. Old Manila is a very ancient city with the bay on one side and the Pasig river on the other. It is about a mile and a half square, and is hemmed in by a huge stone wall that tradition and history alike claim it took over 100 years to build. The wall is built out of sand stone, and is about 30 feet high on the inside and about 50 feet thick outside, and is about 60 feet thick. Inside this wall is the massive prison with huge cells that will hold about 80 men each. This is the prison they had prepared for the Yankee pigs they counted on capturing when we stormed the city, but the Yankees have the keys now. Outside the walls of the city is a large ditch or moat, which is 20 feet deep and 80 feet wide and runs around the base of the wall. Over this ditch there are drop bridges at every gate. The bridges are arranged so they can be dropped down in two minutes where they cannot be used. There are six of these in all, and six great draw gates in the wall that can be closed, making a solid wall around the city. Every way you turn you can see heavy guns mounted on this wall. All in all, I consider Old Manila a well fortified place. It would take a very large and well equipped army to take Manila away from Uncle Sam's boys now. We may have some trouble with the natives, but it will be something like hunting deer, for they are a very harmless set with a rifle, but give one of them a knife and you have a dangerous enemy to cope with, for they are a bad class of people with a knife. There are 32 different races of people on these islands. Thirty miles from Manila cannibalism is practiced at every opportunity by some of the tribes. You can imagine the trouble we have when we bring in twenty to thirty of them at one haul. There is a gang here something like the James and Younger boys used to be at the time of the civil war. They call them Maccabees. Ten of us toys overhauled and brought in 23 of them at one pull the other night.

These islands are very rich in minerals. Gold, copper, iron and coal are found here in abundance. Timber of the finest grades is also plentiful here, but an American cannot live here without capital, for he cannot do manual labor and stand the heat. If it was not so intensely hot here at times I would try to get my discharge and stay here for a few years, for there is money to be made easy. I saw only the other day a quart bottle full of free milling gold that a native panned out with a coconut shell, but the people here could never work these mines, for they had to pay the Spanish government a royalty of seventy-cents on every dollar taken out.

The timber here is mostly black walnut, ebony and molina. Molina is a harder wood than walnut, and grows larger than the red wood in California and Oregon. They can take one of these trees and make a dugout boat that will carry 25 to 30 men. Cane and bamboo also grow here in abundance. Manila's population is estimated at 300,000, and over half of them live in bamboo huts. The natives here are not a very tasty class about their dress, for one yard of calico will make a full dress costume for either sex, and outside

the city we have very often seen them with little or no clothing whatever. They are a very moral class for all that. The more civilized classes here are mostly Catholics, and live up to their religion very strictly.

Well, Maurice, tell the folks not to worry about me, for I am in the best of health. I weigh 167 pounds in my uniform, which is heavier than I ever weighed in my life. The climate here agrees with me. I am paying for most of my grub. I sent home a box of trinkets. Let me know if the package reached you. Find enclosed my photo in uniform. What do you think of my mess mate?
Send me all the Brainerd papers when you write again. Give my kindest regards to all inquiring friends, and tell them we expect to get home by May or June, unless something happens that we can't foresee. I saw Roy Brown the other day. He is in the best of health and spirits, and getting along finely. Be sure and remember me to Comrade Meekins, and tell him that his advice helped me in more ways than one. I will close now, hoping to hear from you soon. With love to all, I remain as ever,
Your Brother,
TIMOTHY ENRIGHT,
Co. B, 13th Regt. Minn. Vol.

Farmers, if you are indebted to the DISPATCH on subscription and have wood for sale you can settle the account by making an exchange.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures, quickly and permanently. At any drug store 50 cents.

D. M. Clark & Co. carry the following line of HEATERS: Radiant Home, Monitor Coal and Wood, Howe Ventilator, Stewart Coal and Stewart Oak, also a Large Line of Air Tight Stoves.

WANTED—500 cords of dead jack pine wood. Will buy in small quantities.
J. M. ELDER.

It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

P. S. Ware will buy school and township orders. Room 15, First National Bank Block.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

Highest Price for Grain.
Farmers, you will get the highest market price for your grain by bringing it to Beck & Remmels, 8th street, near railroad track.
BECK & REMMELS.

Farmers, Attention!
If you bring your grain to Hessel's, Fourth street, near Northern Pacific track, you get right weight, just grade and best market price. If

Beck & Remmels carry a full line of farm machinery, including sleighs and cutters. Best goods at lowest prices.

WANTED—A good stout girl wanted for kitchen work. Apply to Adam Armstrong, French Hotel, East Front street.

D. M. Clark & Co. carry a Fine Line of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Crockery and Wall Paper, for sale on Easy Terms.

Go to D. M. Clark & Co.'s when in need of STORM SASH.

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Elegant New Line of . . . **CLOTHING**

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In Neckties, Mufflers, and Gents' Furnishings. We have just put upon the Shelves a new consignment of . . .

GENT'S UNDERWEAR, the Finest in the City.
If you are looking for PANTS, we have them. Come in and look over our stock over.

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Farrar Block, Corner of Sixth and Laurel Streets.

SEE THE
BRAINERD LUMBER CO.
FOR
Low Prices on Lumber.

WANTED—20,000 jack pine ties, 6 and 7 inch face, 7 inches thick.
CON. O'BRIEN.

McFadden Drug Co.
Manufacture and Guarantee . . .

SHERWOOD'S Cough Syrup,
A Cure for Coughs and Colds . . .

MACK'S Headache Powders,
Which Cures in 20 Minutes . . .

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The best all around Liniment . . .

McFADDEN Compound Extract of Sarsapailla
A perfect Blood and Liver Remedy . . .

REMEMBER
These are sold guaranteeing satisfaction . . .

McFadden Drug Co.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.
For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO

FOR SALE!
The advertiser having removed to the Pacific northwest, will sell his property at one-half its actual value consisting of house and two lots on 9th street, block 93, lots 15 and 16. Will sell this property for five hundred dollars cash.
Also his farm on the Gull Lake road for five hundred dollars cash.
Address Geo. Sheard, Seattle Hotel, Jackson street, Seattle, Wash., or call on Keene & McFadden, Brainerd, Minn.

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First-Class Blacksmith and Paint Shop in Connection.

Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades. Give us a Call and we will Guarantee Satisfaction as to Price and Work.

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JAMES WICKHAM,
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First-class Workmen.
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Rates—\$20, 75c. \$1.00 per Day.
Sitting Room, Bed Room and Bath
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CARE AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES

George Caulfield's Journey

By Miss M. E. Braddon.

CHAPTER I.

HERE were but five minutes left before the time for starting of the night mail from the great central terminus in the busy commercial city of Grandchester, and the Rev. George Caulfield, with a traveling bag in his hand, and a comfortable railway rug over his arm, was walking slowly along the platform, peering into the first-class carriages as he went by, in quest of ease and solitude. He was a man of reserved temper, bookish beyond his years, and he had a horror of finding himself imprisoned among five noisy spirits, cottony, horsey, and of that boisterous and coarsely-spoken temperament, which the refined and gentle parson would have characterized as rowdy. The Reverend George was a Christian gentleman, but so far as it was possible for his mild nature to hate any one, he hated fast young men. He was not fond of strangers in a general way. He endured them, but he did not love them. He had lingered on the platform till the train was within three minutes of starting, in the hope of securing for himself the luxury of privacy, but as the long hand of the station clock marked the third minute before 11, he espied an empty carriage, and was in the act of entering it, when a hand was laid very gently on his sleeve.

"Pardon me, sir," said a somewhat agitated voice, "are you a medical man?"

Mr. Caulfield turned, and confronted a man of slight figure and middle height, some years younger than himself—a man with a pale face, delicate features, and soft black eyes; a very interesting countenance, thought the curate. The stranger looked anxious and hurried.

"No," answered Mr. Caulfield, "I am a clergyman."

"That is almost as good. My dear sir, will you do me a great favor? My sister, an invalid, is traveling by this train, alone, but she will be met by friends at Milldale Junction. She is very ill—nothing infectious; chest complaint, poor girl. If you will afford her the privilege of your protection, only as far as Milldale, you will oblige me enormously."

There was no time for hesitation, the bell was ringing clamorously, people were hurrying to their seats.

"With pleasure," said the good-natured curate, sorry to lose the delight of loneliness, embarrassed at the idea of an unknown invalid, but far too kind to shrink from doing an act of mercy.

The young man ran to the second-class waiting room, the door of which was just opposite, and returned almost immediately carrying a muffled figure in his arms—a small, fragile form, which he carried as easily as if it had been that of a child. This slender figure, half buried in a large Rob Roy shawl, he placed with infinite care in one of the seats farthest from the door; then he ran back to the waiting-room for more wraps, a pillow, and a foot-warmer. He administered with womanly tenderness to the comfort of the invalid, who reclined motionless and silent in her corner, and then, hurried and agitated in the imminent departure of the mail, he stood at the door of the carriage talking to Mr. Caulfield, who had taken his seat in the opposite corner to that occupied by the invalid.

"You are more than good," said the stranger. "Don't talk to her; she is low and nervous, and you will agitate her painfully if you force her to talk. I dare say she will doze all the way. It is only an hour from here to Milldale, and no stoppage till you get there. Oh, by the way, kindly take this bottle, and if she should turn faint or giddy on the way, give her a few drops of the contents. There goes the flag. Will you allow me to offer you my card? I am deeply indebted. Good night."

All this had been said hurriedly. George Caulfield had hardly time to take the proffered card when the engine puffed itself laboriously out of the great, ghastly terminus, a wilderness of iron work, a labyrinth of tunnels and sidings and incomprehensible platforms, very gloomy on this cold winter night.

For the first few minutes Mr. Caulfield felt so confused and disturbed by the suddenness of the charge that he had been forced upon him that he hardly knew what he was doing. Then he glanced at the lady, and saw with a feeling of relief that her head was resting comfortably against the padded division of the carriage, and that her face was hidden by a blue gauze veil, which she wore over a small brown straw hat. She was breathing somewhat heavily, he thought, but that was to be expected in a sufferer from chest complaint.

"I hope her heart is all right," thought George, with a sudden sense of the awfulness of his position were his invalid charge to expire while in his care.

He looked at the stranger's card: MR. ELSDEN, Briargate.

The address looked well. Briargate was one of the most respectable business streets in Grandchester. Doubtless it had once been a rustic lane, where briars and roses grew abundantly, and the bees and butterflies, and village lads and lassies, made merry amidst odors of new-mown hay. Nowadays Briargate was a narrow street

of lofty warehouses, tall enough to shut out the sun, a street that smelled of machine oil.

The express had cleared Grandchester by this time, tearing along a viaduct above a forest of tall chimneys, and then, with a sweeping curve, away to the windy open country, a land as wild and fresh and free as if there were no such things as factories and smoky chimneys in the world. Mr. Caulfield had, for the first ten minutes or so, felt revived by his inability to see his companion's face. It had been a comfort to him to behold her placidly asleep yonder, requiring no attention, leaving him free to dip in Tennyson's latest idyll, which he carried uncut in his traveling bag. But so variable is the human mind, so fanciful and altogether irrational at times, that now Mr. Caulfield began to feel vaguely curious about the face hidden under the blue gauze veil. He began to wonder about it. Was it so very pale, so deadly white, as it seemed to him under that gauze veil, in the dim light of the oil lamp? No, it was the blue gauze, no doubt, which gave that ghastly pallor to the sharply-cut features, the sunken cheeks.

The young lady's eyes were altogether hidden by the shadow of her hat, but Mr. Caulfield felt sure that she was asleep. She was breathing so quietly that he could scarcely see any indication of the faint breath that must be stirring her breast in gentle undulations. Sometimes he fancied he saw the folds of the Rob Roy shawl rise and fall in regular pulsations. Sometimes it seemed to him that nothing stirred save the shadows moved by the flickering flame of the wind-blown flame.

He sat and watched that quiet figure in the corner, only taking his eyes away now and then to look out at the dark land through which they were speeding, to see a cosy village, lit by half a dozen farthing rush-lights flit by like a phantom, or a town that made a patch of angry glare on the edge of the horizon. Useless to think of enjoying Tennyson by the sickly gleam of that wretched lamp! He stretched himself up in his warm rug; he closed his eyes, and tried to sleep. In vain. He was thinking of the face under the blue veil. He was broad awake—hopelessly awake. He could do nothing but sit and contemplate the figure reposing so quietly in the opposite corner. How he longed for Milldale Junction! He looked at his watch. The inexorable dial told him that it was only half an hour since he left Grandchester. His own sensations told him that it was a long night of agony.

Naturally a nervous man, to-night his nerves were getting the mastery over him.

"I never took such a miserable journey," he said to himself. "If she would only throw back that veil—if she would only speak to me—if she would only stir, or make some little sign of life! It is like traveling with Death personified. Were she to lift that veil this instant, I should expect to see a grinning skull underneath."

He had been told not to speak to her, but the inclination to disobey that injunction was every moment intensifying. Yet, if she were sleeping as placidly as she seemed to sleep, it would be cruel to disturb her; and he was a man overflowing with the milk of human kindness.

He took out his Tennyson, cut the leaves, puzzling out a few lines here and there by the uncertain lamp-light. This helped him to while away a quarter of an hour. He looked at his watch. God be praised! fifteen minutes more and the train was due at Milldale. What bliss to deliver that poor creature into the keeping of her friends—to have done with that muffled figure and that unseen face forever!

The train was fast approaching the junction; seven minutes more alone remained of the hour, and this night mail was famed for its punctuality.

Just at the last that feeling of morbid curiosity, which had been tormenting the curate for the greater part of the journey became an irresistible impulse. He changed his seat to that directly opposite his silent companion. Here he could see the form of the delicate features under the blue veil! How cruelly illness had sharpened the outline. The girl's ungloved hand hung listlessly over the morocco-covered arm, which divided her seat from the next. Such a pallid hand, so nerveless in its attitude! Something, he knew not what, prompted Mr. Caulfield to touch those pale fingers. He bent over and laid his hand lightly upon them.

Great God, what an icy hand! He had felt the touch of death on many a sad occasion in the path of duty, but this was colder than death itself. A cry of horror burst from his lips. He snatched aside the gauze veil, and saw a face purpled by the awful shadow of death.

"Milldale Junction! Change here for Broughborough, Mudford, Middlebridge, Sloughcombe—" and a string of names that dwindled into silence far away along the platform.

George Caulfield sprang out of the railway carriage like a man distraught. He seized upon the nearest guard.

"For God's sake, tell me what to do!" he cried. "There is a lady in that carriage dead or dying. Indeed, I fear she is actually dead. She was placed in my charge by a stranger at Grandchester. She is to be met by friends here. It will be an awful shock to them—near relatives, perhaps. How

am I to find them? How am I to break the sad news to them?"

He was pale to the lips, cold drops of sweat were on his brow. All the pent-up excitement of the last hour burst from him now with uncontrollable force. The guard was as calm as a man of iron.

"Fetch the station-master here, will you?" he said to a passing porter. "Sad thing, sir," he said, to the agitated curate; "but you'd better keep yourself quiet. Such misfortunes will happen. We'll get a medical man here presently. I dare say there's one in the train. Perhaps the lady has only fainted. Hadn't you better step inside and sit with her?"

They were standing at the door of the carriage. George Caulfield glanced with a shudder at that muffled figure in that farthest corner.

"No," he answered, profoundly agitated, "I could do no good. I fear there is no hope. I fear she is dead."

"No relation of yours, sir, the lady?" asked the guard, scrutinizing the curate rather curiously.

"I never saw her till to-night;" and then, in hurried accents, Mr. Caulfield related the circumstances of his departure from Grandchester.

"Here comes the station-master," said the guard, without vouchsafing any comment on the curate's story.

The station-master was a business-like man, of commanding presence, and Mr. Caulfield turned to him as for protection.

"What am I to do?" he asked, when the guard had briefly stated the case.

"Nothing, I should think," answered the station-master, shortly; "but you'd better stay to see the upshot of the business. Where are the lady's friends, I wonder? They ought to have turned up by this time. Johnson, just you go along the platform to inquire for anybody waiting to meet a lady from Grandchester, and send some one else along the line to inquire for a doctor."

The guard departed on his errand; the station-master staid. In three minutes the porter came, followed by an elderly man, bearded and spectacled. "Medical gentleman, sir," said the porter.

The doctor got into the carriage and looked at the lady.

"Bring me a better light," he asked, and a lamp was brought.

A crowd was collecting by this time, travelers who averted some excitement, and thought they could not make a better use of their remaining five minutes than in finding out all about it.

"You'd better send for the police," exclaimed the doctor, reappearing at the door of the carriage. "This is a bad case."

"How do you mean?" inquired the station-master.

"I mean that this poor creature has died from the effects of narcotic poison."

"Great Heaven!" cried the curate; "I had a presentiment that there was something wrong."

The doctor and a porter lifted the muffled figure out of the carriage, and conveyed it to the nearest waiting-room. Three minutes more and the train would be moving.

A police-constable appeared as if by magic, and planted himself at the curate's side.

The guard came back. "Nobody here to meet the lady," he said. "There must be a mistake somewhere."

"What am I to do?" demanded George Caulfield looking helplessly from the station-master to the doctor. "Keep yourself as quiet as you can. I should say," answered the station-master.

"But, good heavens! I may be suspected of being concerned in this poor creature's death, unless her friends appear to verify my statement. Ah, by-the-by, her brother gave me his card. I can tell you her name at any rate."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Stopping and Starting Electric Cars.

It takes just as much electric power to start a car as it would animal power, and it requires less current to keep the car moving than to start it, so that a great number of starts and stops means a large consumption of energy.

In the American Electrician there appears an article in which the actual figures for these two cases are given. It is shown that the cost of one stop on each trip of a car during a year on a fifteen-car line may amount to \$70, or to \$467 for a 100-car road; so that if these figures are multiplied by two stops at each crossing on a road operating long lines the large cost is evident. Careful handling of the controller will save over \$1,000 a year on a 15-car road and \$7,000 per year on a 100-car road. The difference between a careful motorman who has been well instructed and a careless one may amount to from 3 to 8 per cent of the total energy consumed. It is perfectly safe, according to this authority, to say that 10 per cent of the energy can be saved by more careful handling of the controller, while on most roads at least 15 per cent could be saved without doubt. The maxim of every motorman should be: "Use the brake as little as possible and drift as much as possible."

The employment of skilled motormen capable of understanding the mechanism they handle would result in a saving to the trolley companies, even though a higher salary were paid the men, and at the same time add much comfort to the passengers.

Remarkable Clock.

In the shop of a St. Petersburg watchmaker a human-faced clock is on view—the only one of its kind. The hands are pivoted on its nose and any messages that may be spoken into its ear are repeated by phonograph through its mouth.

HOW TO DO THE RIGHT

BEGIN WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF HOME.

Story of the Man Who Made a New Year's Resolution—Started Out by Joining "Grafting" Clubs and Wound Up with a So-called Anarchist.

The Chicago Advance, the organ of the Congregational church, gives space to an article which has a world of good sense in it. It reads as follows:

The new year had come, and he resolved to do good. He had heard it preached, and he had heard it talked about in prayer meeting, and all other religious meetings which he had ever attended. It had been ringing in his ears all his life, and now he was going to do good. He spoke to some of the other members of the church about it and invited them to join the band, members who like himself had been in the habit of admitting pulpit messages at one ear and politely dismissing them at the other. But they shrugged their shoulders, and remarked that some things were better for prayer meeting expression than for practical purposes. What is correct sentiment is not always convenient you know. As a sentiment doing good is time-honored, familiar and fine but—

However he had set out to do good, and he was going to do it. He soon had a chance, for the annual meeting came a few evenings later, and there was a move to raise the pastor's salary. He put his shoulder to the wheel and gave it a boost. He was doing good. The next summer the pastor went to Europe and came back looking refreshed. He stayed at home, and looked a little tired. But he was doing good. Then they raised more money to have better music to draw more people to raise more money to get a bigger minister to build a bigger church to draw more people; and he kept up with the procession. He was doing good. But sometimes he sighed.

Then he joined a mutual benevolent society, and he met with the rest of the members for mutual admiration. He was doing good. He paid his dues like a man, but when the members began to die the society went to pieces, and he quit. He was doing good.

He met a tramp on the street who begged for money. He gave it, and followed the tramp around the corner where he went into a saloon. He was doing good—to the saloon-keeper. He went to the primary election to help purify politics and voted a ticket which the gang had fixed up in a back room the night before. There was nothing else for him to vote. He was doing good. He gave money to help elect a good, honest alderman, and six months later he was sitting up at night, along with other good citizens, to keep the fellow from stealing the streets of the city. He was doing good. He helped send another honest man to the legislature and then helped to send a delegation to the state capital to keep him from selling out, bag and baggage. He was doing good.

He gave a thousand dollars to a college to promote higher education, and the students dislocated his boy's shoulder, broke his leg and smashed three fingers, at a game of football. He was doing good. He helped organize a social club to keep his neighbors from going to worse places, and to make a safe resort for young men; and the members drank wine and beer, and in clouds of tobacco smoke cracked jokes at religion and at other men who were too pious to leave the prayer meeting for the club. He was doing good, but he was getting very tired.

He thought about it through the night, and in the morning he got up with a change of plan. He was going to try doing good nearer home. He spoke kindly to his boys, asked after their lessons, patted the little girl on the head, and looked sweet at his wife across the table. The poor woman smiled, but looked troubled. She was afraid that he was not going to live long. He came home earlier that evening and stayed at home. He was taking some interest in his family now. He remarked that it was the first great human institution in the world, before the state and the church, and that it was likely to be the last in heaven, where all are at home in their Father's house.

Then he went to hear Mayor Jones of Toledo, Mayor Jones is trying to do good in his business, and as he was trying to do good nearer home, he took notes. Mayor Jones had some "Anarchistic" ideas, but he jotted them all down. The mayor was paying his employees higher wages than he could hire them for in the market. He had set up the Golden Rule in his factory. At Christmas he wrote each man a letter and sent him an extra check. He took his people down the river on an excursion and invited them to parties at his big house. He made them a park, put in seats and swings, and did not say: "Keep off the grass." He furnished music and made everybody happy, and made money too. And the people made him mayor. He even had the hardihood to say that successful men ought not to want the earth, and that Christian business men could do the things which Christ commanded.

But what troubled him was that Mayor Jones is considered a crank and an anarchist. If a man works a combination, makes millions and marries his daughter to bankrupt nobility, he is not a crank; he is all right. But if he has some new notions, which are as old as the gospel, about this world's goods, he is a crank, a socialist, an anarchist, anything but a safe citizen.

Next he went to an old-fashioned church. The minister was holding a revival meeting, and some men and women were actually confessing that they were sinners and asking the Lord to forgive them. The tears melted him, the fervor thawed him out, the music broke him up, his heart unloosed, and he said, "Amen," "Praise the Lord." He was doing good and getting good. He saw a young woman going away to China. She was talented and consecrated. He gave her a check. He was doing good to the heathen.

He went to see a sick brother in the church. He got down on his knees and prayed with him. The brother looked scared, but he was doing good.

He was under full headway now, and he didn't care what people said, whether they called him a crank or a Christian. He was doing good.

GRAPHO.

UNCLE SIDNEY, THE OPTIMIST.

In Business for Himself.

A friend of mine recently set up an establishment for himself. He had been for fifteen years a man under authority. He told me a few of his troubles while we were standing at the counter. He said, "I put an 'ad' in the paper last night and by six o'clock this morning I had over a dozen applicants. I can't tell you how hard it was to weed them out and send all away but one. I have done it lots of times before now, but I knew somebody stood back of me. I can't tell you how heavy the load of responsibility has become. I get ten times as tired as when under Mr. K—." Everyone learns this lesson sooner or later. When one learns to make God his Lord he has learned the great lesson of life. He has somebody back of him.

Two Girls.

I know two girls who have both been tossed about and exposed to the temptations of the world. They have of necessity been thrown in the way of the roughest kind of men. One says that she has been daily insulted and has lost faith in all men. The other says that in her experience of four or five years, often being out alone on the streets after midnight, she has yet to receive her first insult. Whoever loses faith in mankind generally has himself to blame.

Only Puddles.

George Adam Smith often makes a telling remark. He somewhere speaks of evil as being a great "puddle" in the universe. The writers of "realistic stories" are only playing in the puddle. The pessimist is a wallower in the puddle. The calamity howler is only bedaubing himself and others with mud from the puddle. The universe is built on righteousness. Its framework is justice and its spirit is love. God is on the throne and all's well with the world. The world is not destined to evil but to good.

Great Men.

Everyone who goes about the world, at last comes to know that there are few great men. He finds that the great man of fame on being met is only ordinary. Here and there is a seven-footer, and here and there is a four-footer; but the difference is small. He finds that Browning's prayer, "Make no more giants, God," is unnecessary. He comes to say, "After all, the difference between men is not worth boasting over." This discovery has important bearings. It makes one a democrat, a socialist and a Christian; a democrat, for all are equals; a socialist, for the rights of all outweigh the privileges of the few; a Christian, "for there is none good but One, that is God."—Christian Advance.

The First One.

Tommy—"Paw, what is the divorce question?" Mr. Figg—"The first divorce question is, 'Will you be mine?'"—Indianapolis Journal.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Paul Villars, the correspondent in London of the Paris Figaro, has received the order of the Legion d'Honneur.

King Humbert of Italy has conferred the title of duke of Apulia upon the infant son of the duke and duchess of Aosta.

Mr. Watts, R. A., who is over 80, is going to devote himself to sculpture for a time, the subject to be a life-size statue of the late poet-laureate, Lord Tennyson.

Mr. Walter Roper Lawrence, C. I. E., who has been appointed private secretary to the new viceroy of India, is one of the most brilliant men who ever passed into the Indian civil service. He passed in first and rose from one high position to another, until in a few years' time he became officiating secretary to the government of India. He gave up his splendid prospects in India to become agent-in-chief to his grace the duke of Bedford, with whose consent he is accompanying Lord Curzon. The duke, the viceroy and Mr. Lawrence were all contemporaries and friends at Balliol.

Sergey Friede, the explorer, who is buying all the supplies for the building of the great Manchurian railroad in China, came to America not long ago with orders for more than \$1,000,000 worth of materials to be used in the construction of the railroad. He believes that the United States will supply all the materials that will enter into the construction of the great railroads that will be built in Siberia and European Russia. He also predicts that San Francisco will be one of the great commercial depots of the world.

That Pimple

On Your Face Is There to Warn You of Impure Blood.

Painful consequences may follow a neglect of this warning. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and it will purify your blood, cure all humors and eruptions, and make you feel better in every way. It will warm, nourish, strengthen and invigorate your whole body and prevent serious illness.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price \$1. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Patience Rewarded.

She (pouting)—Oh, Charlie, how can you be so cruel? We have only been married two days, and you are scolding me already.

He—True, dearest; but just think how awfully long I have waited for the opportunity.—Chicago News.

Forest Preservation.

Under this head the State Auditor (and Forest Commissioner) in his annual report, says: "The law for preventing and extinguishing forest and prairie fires has been in operation practically for four years, and has met reasonable expectations. During this period Minnesota has been free from such serious forest fires as have occurred in neighboring states. Of course it needs no law to make people turn out to save their own or neighbors' property from fire, but the benefit of the fire warden law is especially apparent in cases where a forest fire may have been set in a remote or a sparsely-settled locality, in a dry season, and which but for the prompt attention of fire wardens might prove disastrous. The leading object of the law also is to prevent dangerous forest or prairie fires from being set. Prevention, indeed, is its leading principle. Not only does the fire warden law tend to prevent such a catastrophe as occurred at Hinckley in 1894, but by helping to save the young growth of timber, it tends to prolong our important lumber industry."

A Fair Exchange.

Mattie—Why, what a beautiful ring you have, dear! What did it cost you?
Myra—My liberty. It is my engagement ring.—Chicago News.

"I'm a good talker," said the phonograph, "but I can't beat my own record."

SYRUP OF FIGS



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

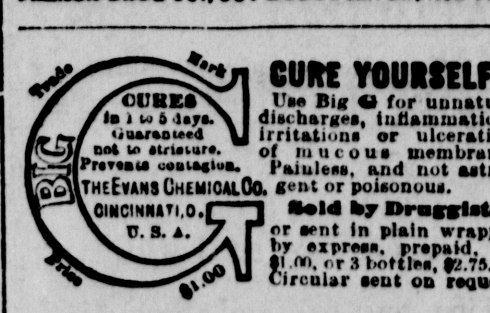
is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

LADIES' Relief at Last

KEEP ME ANK DRUGGISTS for Dr. Martell's French Female Pills in metal box with French Figure top in line, White and Red. Insist on having the genuine. "Relief for Women" mailed FREE in plain sealed letter with testimonials and particulars. CINCINNATI, OHIO. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.



Meat smoked in a few hours with KRAUSE'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE. Made from hickory wood. Cheaper, cleaner, sweeter, and surer than the old way. Send for circular. E. KRAUSE & SONS, Milton, Pa.

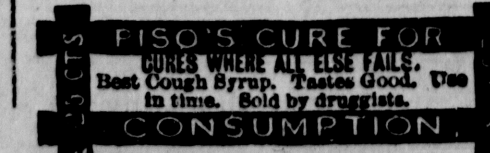
DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

drugs quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. A. GREEN'S SON, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Case of bad health that B-I-P-A-N-G will benefit. Send 5 cents to B-I-P-A-N-G Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

PATENT secured Oranney all returned. Search free. Colman & Co. 234 E. 4th, Wash. D.C.

N. W. N. U. —No. 4.— 1890.



Ayer's Hair Vigor

What does it do?
It causes the oil glands in the skin to become more active, making the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended.

It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness.

It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out.

It Prevents and It Cures Baldness

Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely make hair grow on bald heads, provided only there is any life remaining in the hair bulbs.

It restores color to gray or white hair. It does not do this in a moment, as will a hair dye; but in a short time the gray color of age gradually disappears and the darker color of youth takes its place.

Would you like a copy of our book on the Hair and Scalp? It is free.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor write the Doctor about it.

Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

This Never Really Happened.

Lawyer (examining Miss Oldmayde in court)—And how old are you?
Miss Oldmayde (promptly)—Forty-seven years, six months and seven days.—Somerville Journal.

Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.

No Such Good Luck.

Rambish—Have you read Kipling's last poem?

Penswive (a poet who is kept down by competition)—I'm afraid not.—Cleveland Leader.

I never used so quick a cure as Piao's Cure for Consumption.—J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1895.

A Promising Victim.

Newsboy—Newspaper, sir?
Grumpy Person—No; never read them.

Newsboy—Yes, sir; want to buy some green goods, sir?—Philadelphia North American.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Barbers who wish to keep their shops open on Sunday are having an attack of the "blues."

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer

Is an excellent remedy for coughs. Mrs. Wm. M. Froque, Columbus, Kan. 25c a bottle.

A bad tooth and a cross woman grumble because of their jaw.

Why shouldn't the lightning express go thundering along?

FARMERS' WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT WHEAT WHEAT

"Nothing but wheat; what you might call a sea of wheat," is what was said by a lecturer speaking of Western Canada. For particulars as to routes, railway fares, etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Department Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to Ben Davies, 154 East Third St., St. Paul, or T. O. Christie, Stevens Point, Wis.

FOR 14 CENTS

Write to gain this year 200,000 new customers, and hence other great profits. Send for our great Plant and Seed Catalogue upon receipt of this notice & 14c postage. We have your trade and know when you once try our seeds you will never get along without them. Onion seed 5c, and up to 1 lb. Potatoes at \$1.20 a bushel. A full Catalogue also No. 1. JOHN A. SAUNDERS, SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

REGULATE THE LIVER

FIGHTING BOB of Schley's fleet says: "An American gunner can hit a spot the size of a beer keg's head 3 or 5 times."

ST. JACOBS OIL

SCIATICA

can strike the pain spot of SCIATICA every time. It penetrates and Cures.

Of Course.
"And you say you ate horse steak in Paris? How was it served?"
"A la cart, of course."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Shall Porto Rico Be a State?
Our public men are trying to decide what action should be taken regarding the status of Porto Rico. We have never before had to deal with a similar condition. Neither have we ever had such a reliable medicine for dyspepsia, indigestion and nervousness as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It makes strength to resist future attacks.

Glimpse of the Future.
Happy Maiden (who has just said "yes")—I suppose you may, Dick; but you will be the first man I ever kissed. Hero (referring to memorandum)—Darling, you will be my 38,427th.—Chicago Tribune.

The first iron rails that formed a continuous line from tidewater to the Ohio river were laid 47 years ago, and the work was completed on Christmas Eve, 1852.

The completion of the laying of the iron rails, steel being too expensive at that time, is marked by a natural monument, 18 miles from Wheeling and near Roseby's station. This monument is a great stone on the hillside, and is located in Marshall Co., W. Va. It is 60 feet long, 35 feet wide and 30 feet high.

Cut deeply into the side of the rock, that faces the railroad track, is the following inscription:

Roseby's Rock.
Track Connected
Christmas Eve,
1852.

Hobbs & Faris.
The men who immortalized themselves in B. & O. history were the stonecutters who cut the inscription, but the rock gets its name from Roseby, an English engineer, who was in charge of the track-laying from Wheeling eastward.

Recently Roseby's Rock has been cleaned and repainted, and is quite patriotic in appearance, the artists using the national colors in profusion.

Something Wrong.
"I don't like Hawkins. He's the kind of a man who does not pay his debts." "Debts? Why, he hasn't any to pay." "Hum! Well, then, he's to darn mean to contract debts! I knew there was something wrong with him."—Philadelphia North American.

Catarth Cannot Be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarth is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarth Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarth. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Affection.
"Is that young man fond of work?" "I guess so," answered the man with a pen behind his ear. "When I give him anything to do he doesn't make the slightest effort to get rid of it."—Washington Star.

Homeseekers' Excursions.
On February 7th and 21st, and March 7th and 21st, the Chicago Great Western Railway will sell round-trip Homeseekers' Excursion Tickets to points in the following states at one fare, plus \$2.00 for the round trip: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North and South Carolina, North and South Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. These tickets are limited for return twenty-one days (21) from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going trip at any point within homeseekers' territory. Any agent Chicago Great Western Railway will give you full information as to routes, rates and time of trains, as will also F. H. Lord, General Pass & Ticket Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago.

An Exception.
"There goes a public official who can honestly say that in his case the office sought the man."
"Who is he?"
"The steward of the pesthouse."—Chicago News.

The National Capital.
The eyes of the world are now centered on Washington. The best line between Chicago and the National capital is the Monon Route, C. H. & D. Ry., B. & O. S. W. and B. & O. Through sleepers leave Chicago daily at 2:45 a. m. (ready in Dearborn station at 9:30 p. m.), arriving at Cincinnati at 11:20 a. m., Washington at 6:47 a. m. and Baltimore 7:50 a. m. This is the most comfortable and convenient train for the East running out of Chicago.

Electric Helmet.
A French doctor has invented an electric helmet, inside of which is a small motor that vibrates strips of steel, the motor making 600 revolutions per minute. This whizzing is supposed to cure nervous headache and put the sufferer to sleep.

Extremities.
"Binglers has the big-head terribly because of his small feet."
"Well, even that beats having a small head and big feet."—Chicago News.

A Single Dose of "Five Drops" will benefit you for la grippe—it use a few days will cure you. See their advertisement in another column of this paper, containing strong testimonials.

Poetry has a way of getting it back on the perpetrator.

It is not exactly "love in the dark" when the girl strikes a parlor match.

SCIENTIFIC TOPICS.

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

A Forge Made of Cold Water—Weaving by Electric Force—Monogram on Apples—An Electric Whipping Post—Possibilities of the Electric Clock.

Electric Whipping Post.
Electric whipping posts may be a thing of the future. Newton Harrison, editor of the Electrical Age, has invented a mechanical appliance by which corporal punishment may be administered by merely touching a button out of sight of the culprit, out of hearing of his cries.

The greatest advantage of the electric whipping post, however, is the fact that it is absolutely just under all conditions and to all prisoners. It cannot be bribed and is not subject to political influence. It is said that in Delaware, where the whipping post is used, it is next to impossible to administer exact justice in such punishment. The new device insures that each blow will be administered with exactly the same force. In other words, it may be depended upon to administer mathematically correct justice.

The principle of the machine is simple. The victim is first lashed securely to the post, with his arms above his head. The whipper is a large wheel, which turns freely on an upright. The whip or thong is attached to the rim of the wheel, and as the wheel revolves it is swung violently around. The wheel is lowered or raised to bring it on a level with the victim's back. The wheel is revolved by a small motor at the base of the upright, connected with the axle by a rear wheel. The motor is controlled by an electric button. When the whipper touches the button the wheel is released and the whip is swung at a high speed. In moving around the circle it travels about twenty feet, which serves to give it considerable momentum. The force of the blow may be increased or reduced by regulating the speed at which the wheel revolves. Each time the operator touches the button, it will be understood, a blow or lash is administered. The time between the blows can be regulated as desired. The whipping might by this means be carried on without any witnesses. It would only be necessary for the public executioner in this case to touch



the button as many times as the law provided and the electric whipping post would do the rest.

Scientific Jottings.

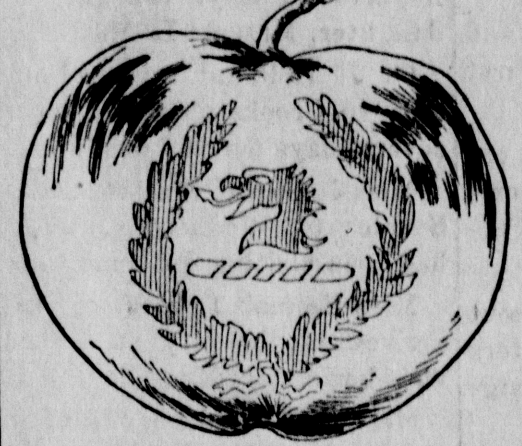
Bright red spectacles, accompanied by internal doses of calomel, form a new German specific against seasickness. It is deduced from Epstein's investigations on the influence of color on the blood vessels in the brain. Sea sickness is due to lack of blood in the brain, while red sends blood to the brain with a rush. By looking at one point for some time through the red glasses the patient is cured radically.

After trying all sorts of wood as street pavement, London has at last come to the conclusion that Tasmanian "stringy bark" is most enduring and generally satisfactory, being without the slippery surface which soon manifests itself in some other hard woods. The stringy bark, which grows all over Tasmania, has a rougher surface than the blue gum, thereby giving in greasy weather a better foothold for man and beast. It is in the south of the island of Tasmania that the chief supply of timber is obtained, the forests coming down almost to the water's edge, thus making the cost and difficulty of transport small—in fact, at some of the mills vessels of 3,000 tons could partly lie alongside the pier and complete their loading by barges while in a perfectly secure anchorage. The London authorities experimented with woods from all parts of the world before settling on the Tasmanian article.

Some municipal workmen in Birmingham, England, have made the somewhat startling discovery that their overcoats were poisonous. As they shoveled away the snow it was found that the overcoats supplied by the city gave off a poisonous gas, which rapidly took effect upon their arms and hands and thighs. Apparently this was owing to the effect of sleet and rain upon the chloride of zinc used in the cloth made by a northern mill. What an opportunity for the penny dreadful authors! Imagine the result of the fiction that is sure to come limping lamely after fact, as thus: "The haughty earl withdrew from the apartment, leaving his victim crushed by despair. One hope alone illumed her tortured breast. The deadly overcoat! She heard the footman helping her oppressor into his costly furs; she watched him standing in the pitiless rain outside, undecided as to his direction, when suddenly a piercing scream rang down the lonely avenue and a ghastly sight met her affrighted gaze. Her high-born tormentor lay writhing on the ground in mortal

agony. The zinc with which his overcoat was saturated had done its deadly work. With one cry of 'At last my son will wear the coronet!' Elvira fell fainting on her perfumed couch." How many more shirts of Nessus are waiting for the modern Hercules? Shall we be obliged to put our tailors' parcels into quarantine before we open them?

A French Idea.
A French fruit grower turns out apples with monograms inscribed on them by nature. Anybody's crest or monogram can be secured. When the apples are the size of walnuts they are covered with paper bags, which keep them green. When the maximum size is reached the first bags are replaced



by others, which have the crest or monogram stenciled into them. When a stencil is used the monogram comes out red on a green ground. If yellow or green on a red ground is desired the monogram is cut out and pasted on the apples.

Possibilities of the Phonographic Clock.

Of a phonographic clock recently launched in Germany, the New York Sun observes: One must admit the alarm clock in the theory of modern life, but a phonographic alarm clock adds insult to injury. If one must be awakened, one must; but how can one turn over and take the final luxurious forty winks when the depressing program of a busy day has been shouted into one's ears? Things that seemed natural and practicable the night before present an appalling front in the early morning; and the breakfast hour, announced in strident tones, is much more insistent than when suggested by an impersonal metallic clang. Some valuable possibilities the new invention does possess. The housewife needn't laboriously explain breakfast details to the servant at night and find the next morning that all important points have been conscientiously forgotten. She sets the phonographic alarm for an early hour, talks directions into it, and the next morning the cook is awakened by a stern voice telling her exactly what is expected of her in regard to breakfast preparation. Paterfamilias, too, can work the combination. No more will he sit up until his pretty daughter's caller goes home and resort to time-honored hints to hasten the departure. Oh, no; he will simply set the phonographic alarm for the hour when he thinks young men should end their calls. Then he will go serenely to bed; and when the fatal hour strikes a specimen of the old gentlemen's finest irony will be hurled at the offending guest. Exit young man. The maiden wrathfully weeps alone.

Forge Made of Cold Water.

Electricians have discovered that they can make a forge of a tank of cold water and heat in it a white heat all the tools used about a forge. It is very simple to them, and is not so difficult to understand by any one. A vessel made of wood or some other non-conductor of electricity is used. At the bottom of the vessel is laid a piece of plate metal and to this is attached a wire entering through the bottom and conducting the current to the metal plate. On the edge of the tank is a metal strip, to which another wire is attached, or this wire may be attached to the tongs, soldering iron or whatever one is using at forge. The tank is then filled with heavily salted water and when the current is turned on everything is ready for heating the iron. It is thrust in and in an instant the current passes from the metal plate through the iron and to the wire at the top. Some of the water is decomposed by the electrolytic action. The



nitrogen of the water becomes electrified and adheres to the object to be heated, forming over it a film of gas. This film separates the water from the object, and at the same time the gas forms such an obstruction to the passage of the electric current that the current is turned into heat. In a moment the iron begins reddening with heat and in a little while it is white and may be seen like a white object down in the water, a most interesting thing to see. When the workman has done with his iron he turns the electric current off and plunges his iron into the tank again. This time it cools with a sputter and "siss."

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Charles T. Babcock, Minneapolis, Minn., sheet adjuster for printing presses; George J. Hopkins, Morris, Minn., draft equalizer; Ernest B. and A. L. Gesche, Bingham Lake, Minn., car brake; Randolph Gillette, Little Falls, Minn., rotary steam valve; John P. Murphy, St. Paul, Minn., mud guard for vehicle wheels; Charles R. Sowden, Basin, Mont., automatic threshold; Charles K. Tveit, Moorhead, Minn., draft equalizer.

Aerwin, Lethrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul.

An Opinion.

"I have been making quite a study of naval warfare," said the deliberate citizen, "and I find the subject very interesting. Now, what do you think is the best way to equip battleships?" And, without hesitation, the laconic friend answered: "In a hurry."—Washington Star.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

Replied.

"I would like to tell you a funny story about my little boy."
"Oh, well, go ahead."
"But I have forgotten it."
"Say? Don't you want a good cigar?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Health for Ten Cents.

Cascarets make bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

Had Her Doubts.

"He's a very wise young man," said Maud.
"I don't know whether he is or not," answered Maudie. "He lectured for ten minutes on mistletoe, and yet he doesn't seem to recognize it when he sees it."—Washington Star.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

The Gambling Bacillus.

Successful sports know that in the highways and byways are countless idlers who skip their families, borrow, beg and even steal, in order to bet on horse races at odds of 4 to 1 against them in the long run, on stocks at 20 to 1, on slugging matches at everything to nothing. The gambling bacillus infests every legitimate sport and soon rots it.—Criterion.

A Puzzler.

"Are you superstitious?"
"Well, yes, a little. What about it?"
"I only want to ask what kind of luck it is for a left-handed man to see the moon over his right shoulder."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Test Retort.

"Hullo, Impudence!" said the Turkey to the Cranberry.
"Why do you call me that?" demanded the Cranberry, flushing up.
"Because you are saucer," responded the Turkey; and the Pumpkin Pie laughed so hard he broke his crust.—Harper's Bazar.

How It Happened.

Mrs. Good—My poor man, are you married?
Solled Spooner—N'm; I got dis hunted look from always bel'n' chased from place to place by de police.—Judge.

No one has discovered a sure cure for la grippe.

For La Grippe Use "5 Drops"

FOR 30 DAYS YOU CAN TRY IT FOR 25 CENTS.

Rheumatism, Sciatica and Catarrh

CURED BY

"5 DROPS" Three Years Ago.

DOCTORS PRONOUNCED HIM INCURABLE.

He is Still Well and Writes, on Oct. 10, 1898: "I feel it a duty that I owe to God and suffering humanity to announce to you and all the world what '5 Drops' has done for me."

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY, INC., JAN. 20, 1898.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY, INC.—I would like to thank you for your great remedy, "5 DROPS," and tell you what it has done for me. I had Rheumatism in every joint and in the heart, and I had Catarrh of the Head for 30 years. I was so poorly that I lost the use of my legs and arms, and could not move without pain. I was so crippled that I had done but little work for seven long years, and our family physician, a good doctor, told me that my Rheumatism and Catarrh were incurable, and I believed him. But now, after using "5 Drops" only two months, I can truly say I have not felt so well for seven years. This medicine does more than is claimed for it. At this time my Catarrh is much better and I have scarcely any Rheumatism at all, and the heart weakness and pain are gone. My hearing is now good and my eyesight is much better. I have gained more than 10 pounds of flesh and can do a full day's work. It is the best medicine I ever saw to give a mother who has a young child, for it has the same effect on the child as on the mother. It wards off Croup and cures the Hives of the child and causes sweet and refreshing sleep to both young and old.

W. M. KELLEMS.

SIX TESTIFY TO ITS TRUTH.

In a letter of Oct. 10, 1898, from Mr. Kellem, he says: "I feel it a duty that I owe to God and suffering humanity to announce to you and all the world that I am in the ring with untold thousands of others, to testify to the great merits of your valuable remedy called '5 DROPS.' I believe I was the first sufferer in this part of the earth to learn of the existence of '5 DROPS,' some three years ago. I was then badly afflicted with Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., which my letter of Jan. 20, 1896, fully speaks of. All I can say is '5 DROPS' cured me. To make a long story short, '5 DROPS' needs no recommendation in this part of the country, as everybody knows the '5 DROPS' remedies around here. It has cured more cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, and many other pains than any other medicine that has ever been sold or heard of. For the last three years I have noticed the effect '5 DROPS' has on the sick, through my own observations as well as my brother, who is a practicing physician and uses the '5 Drops' in his practice. All ye that wish for further information, write and you are sure to get a reply without any delay. I will (as I have done in this letter) cheerfully recommend it to anyone that I may come in contact with. I myself can never forget what this remedy has done for me and many others.

Yours very truly,

W. M. KELLEMS, Siberia, Ind.

Witnesses to the above: Jas. Brady, J. R. Cox, E. R. Huff, S. Taylor, Dr. S. W. Kellem, Jno. Hays, all of Siberia, Ind.

The wonderful success that has attended the introduction of "5 DROPS" is unprecedented in the history of the world. Think of it! It has CURED more than One Million and a Quarter sufferers within the last three years. This must appeal to you. One million and a quarter people cannot all be mistaken. If suffering we trust you may have sufficient confidence to send for three large bottles of "5 DROPS" for \$2.50, which will surely cure you. If not, then send for a \$1.00 bottle, which contains enough medicine to more than prove its wonderful curative properties. Prepared by mail or express. This wonderful curative gives almost instant relief and is a PERMANENT CURE for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Backache, Asthma, Hay Fever, Catarrh, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuritic Headaches, Heart Weakness, Toothache, Earache, Croup, La Grippe, Malaria, Creeping Numbness, Bronchitis, and kindred diseases.

"5 DROPS" is the name and dose. LARGE BOTTLE (300 doses), \$1.00, prepaid by mail or express; THREE BOTTLES, \$2.50. Sold only by us and our agents. Agents Appointed in New Territory. Write today!

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 167 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

"A BRIGHT HOME MAKES A MERRY HEART." JOY TRAVELS ALONG WITH

SAPOLIO

FARM LANDS

Join the big immigration to the St. Paul & Duluth country in Minnesota. The best location and cheapest in the country. Maps and Circulars free. Address: HOPWELL CLARK, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.
WANTED—Jack Pine ties.
M. J. REILLY.

See the "Double-Face Quadrille" at Gardner Hall on Feb. 3rd.

A basket ball and punching bag has been added to the equipment of the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium.

You can buy a Kimball Organ on Monthly Payments of \$5 of Graham & Mattson, Factory Agents.

D. M. Clark & Co. have the Only INSTALLMENT House in the City. Goods sold on EASY TERMS.

WANTED—20,000 jack pine ties, 6 and 7 inch face, 7 inches thick.
CON. O'BRIEN.

Maynard Crane, formerly of this city, has been elected president of the Northwestern Lumbermen's Association.

The social given at the home of Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Carver on Tuesday evening last was well attended and all had a good time.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a long, happy, vigorous old age.

'Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Electric oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

The pastor of the Presbyterian church will preach a sermon for young men next Sunday evening. Morning worship is held at 10:30 a. m.

The ladies aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Archie Purdy, 7th street south, next Wednesday, Feb. 1st, from 2:30 to 4:30.

FOUND—A ladies' collarette. Owner can recover same by calling and proving property. Call on Mrs. A. P. Farrar, corner Seventh and King-wood streets.

Leave your order for Fire Insurance with Jas. R. Smith, agent, Sleeper block. Companies represented are as good as the best. Rates always the lowest possible.

A large delegation of the local lodge of Redmen went to Staples last night to assist in instituting a lodge at that place. Grand Sachem A. E. Frost, formerly of this city, conducted the services.

There will be a Christian Endeavor social at the home of Miss Kittie Walker, 7th street north, next Tuesday evening Jan 31. A cordial invitation is extended to all members and friends of the society.

There will be a grand concert and dance Saturday evening, January 28, in Southeast Brainerd, at the N. P. band hall, given under the auspices of the N. P. band. Good music in attendance, tickets 25 cents, every body invited.

Rev. E. K. Cappen will preach in the First M. E. church morning and evening. Everybody is cordially invited to hear this distinguished minister. The pastor, Rev. W. E. Loomis, is absent in Duluth, assisting Rev. Green in Parish work.

The concert to be given by Dresskell's city band promises to be the best which has ever been given by this organization. The prospects of having a series of open air concerts during the next summer by this meritorious band should fill the house on February 24. Full program will be published later.

G. A. Wereman, of Jenkins, was in town last week with several hundred pounds of fish, which had been caught in Whitefish lake about 50 miles east of here. He says that during the summer he ships about 4,000 pounds a week to the twin cities and receives a good price for them.—Staples Tribune.

The dance given by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the A. O. H. at Gardner Hall on Friday evening last, was a most enjoyable occasion. The attendance was very large, the spacious hall being crowded to such an extent that there was hardly room for the dancers in the early part of the evening.

WANTED—Jack Pine Ties.
S. & J. W. Koop.

Don't fail to see the "Double-Face Quadrille" at Gardner Hall on February 3rd.

P. S. Ware will buy school and township orders. Room 15, First National Bank Block.

Nothing could be funnier than the double-face quadrille at Gardner's Hall on Friday evening next, February 3rd.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

Leave orders for our meat wagon to stop at your door. You can pick out what you want at surprisingly low prices for cash. Bane & Bane.

Hoffman's second store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

There is great rejoicing in the family of J. W. Koop this morning over the arrival of a fine healthy girl baby. Mr. and Mrs. Koop already have eight children, all of whom are boys, and it can readily be understood how delighted they are at the arrival of a daughter.

Rev. W. W. Dawley, of Minneapolis, delivered an interesting and instructive lecture on last Monday evening in the First Baptist church of this city, which was enjoyed by an attentive audience. His subject was "Grumbling." It is hoped he may be induced to come again.

Rev. G. W. Gallagher preaches next Sunday morning on the King of Glory. The evening subject will be Back to Egypt, one of the discourses in the series that he is preaching on Moses. These sermons are of great interest and value and will well repay those who come to listen. The public is cordially invited. Morning services begin at 10:30 o'clock, evening services at 7:30.

About 11 o'clock Tuesday night a blaze was discovered in the attic of the frame building on Front street occupied by the midway saloon. The alarm was given and the department responded quickly and in a few minutes the blaze was extinguished, not however, until the roof was practically ruined. The loss from the flames and water will probably amount to \$300. The building was owned by Walter Davis and had no insurance. The fire department did excellent work in subduing the flames so quickly. Had it got a good start and got the best of the department the loss would have been great, as the buildings on all sides are frame, and would have burned like shavings.

The membership contest on between the members of the Y. M. C. A. is getting interesting. C. D. McKay being captain of the blues and Louis Howe of the reds, with twenty men on each side. On the evening of February 22nd the defeated team will serve supper to the winners and the following prizes will be awarded: To the man turning in the most cash a gold ring valued at \$10 now on exhibition at S. R. Adair's jewelry store; second largest amount, a \$3 hat from A. E. Moberg; third prize will go to the gentleman securing the greatest number of members, he to receive a \$5 camera now on exhibition at Westfall Bros., and the gentleman securing second largest number of members will receive a \$3 hat from J. F. McGinnis & Co. No one will be awarded more than one prize.

A New Popocrat Paper.

Brainerd will shortly have a new demo-pop newspaper. The Minneapolis Journal, of yesterday, contains the following concerning the matter:

"E. E. Bayard, former editor of the Wells Forum, has gone to Brainerd to fill a 'long-felt want' in the way of a simon-pure populist weekly. The election of John Lind seems to have had a stimulating effect upon the democratic and populist brethren all over the state. Bayard is one of several who have since election arranged to start fusion organs for the enlightenment of the rural community."

WANTED—Jack Pine Ties.
S. & J. W. Koop.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

J. M. Elder and J. F. McGinnis were St. Paul visitors the first of the week.

W. A. M. Johnston is in St. Cloud today on business before the land office.

Supt. and Mrs. A. J. Sovereign, of Staples, were Brainerd visitors on Monday.

Miss Iva Smith, of Little Falls, arrived in the city today to visit the Misses Hagadorn.

Mrs. J. L. Hayward, of Minneapolis, is in the city, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. A. L. Mattes.

G. J. Rolstad returned on Monday to Crookston, after spending several days here on business.

Miss Jessie Iaichner returned from Staples on Wednesday, where she had been visiting for some weeks.

Miss Hannah Tweley, of St. Paul, arrived in the city on Tuesday to visit her sister, Mrs. Martin Reese.

Mrs. A. B. Carlton, of Livingston, Mont., arrived in the city on Monday to visit her mother, Mrs. Geo. E. Gardner.

Superintendent G. W. Vanderslice, of the Winnipeg division of the N. P., arrived in the city from St. Paul today.

Mrs. C. E. Peabody and daughter, Miss Leonora, left on Monday for Hot Springs, Arkansas, where they will remain several weeks.

Hon. A. F. Ferris, Hon. H. C. Stivers and N. H. Ingersoll came up from St. Paul on Saturday to spend Sunday with their families in this city.

Mrs. G. W. Vanderslice and daughter, of Winnipeg, arrived in the city on Monday, and will remain here a week or ten days visiting friends.

Herbert Relf, of St. Paul, district claim agent of the Northern Pacific, was in the city on Monday, looking after the interests of the company at the Ralston inquest.

Harry Titus returned on Saturday last from Superior, where he has been employed for some time past, and has accepted a position in the shops of the B. & N. M.

Mrs. J. C. Rosser was in the city several days this week in attendance at the bedside of her father, L. N. Lowe, who is dangerously ill. Mrs. Rosser returned to her home in Minneapolis yesterday.

Chief Engineer W. C. Smith, of the B. & N. M., returned on Sunday from a month's visit with relatives in New York state. Mrs. Smith stopped in Iowa, where she will remain until spring.

W. G. Percy will leave Brainerd the latter part of the week or the first of next week for Arizona or Southern California. Mr. Percy makes this trip to regain his health, which has been very poor recently.

Mr. H. A. Bonga, father of Mrs. M. D. Miller, of this city, arrived here on Friday, the 20th inst., from St. Joseph, Missouri. Mr. Bonga has been making his home with another daughter, Mrs. U. H. Dyer, for fourteen years past, who died about three weeks since, thereby breaking up his home. He was accompanied by Mrs. Nellie Hall, of St. Joseph, an estimable lady of culture and means, and a warm friend of the family, who feels the loss as deeply as anyone. Mrs. Hall returned on Monday to her home at St. Joseph. She will always be held in loving memory by the family and relatives. Mr. B. will make his home with Mrs. Miller for the future.

Will Remove to Brainerd.

R. H. Rosa, general superintendent in charge of the cutting of dead and down timber on the Chippewa Indian reservations in this state, has rented offices in the Columbian block in this city and will remove his headquarters here about February 1st.

Taken Up.

On Thursday, January 26th, two yearling heifers, one white and one roan. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. SILAS HALL, Poundmaster.

Bring in Your Wheat.

Mr. W. F. Holst has opened a grain buying business, and desires his farmer friends and all who have wheat to sell to know that he will pay the highest market price, with special prices for car load lots. He will load direct into the car on the Northern Pacific track. Parties having wheat to sell will do well to call on me before disposing of their grain. W. F. HOLST.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday evening, January 25th, 1899, at the residence of the bride's parents on Eighth street south, Mr. J. A. McKay and Miss Clara Howe were united in marriage, Rev. A. H. Carver, of the Presbyterian church, performing the marriage ceremony. Mr. Edward Howe, a brother of the bride, was the groom's best man, and Mrs. Stearns, a sister of the groom, was bridesmaid. After the ceremony the newly wedded couple received the congratulations and best wishes of the guests. A sumptuous wedding supper was served, and at 11 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. McKay left for St. Paul, where they will make their home, Mr. McKay holding a position in the Great Northern shops there. The bride has long been a resident of this city, and is a highly respected young lady. The groom was, until he removed to St. Paul, one of the most popular young men in the city. The happy couple have the best wishes of their many friends here.

License to marry was issued the past week as follows: Jan. 23—John A. McKay to Clara Howe and Chas. W. Hall to Edith Blanche Hicks. Jan. 25—Joseph Mooney to Teresa M. Leitner, and Leo Trynka to Luise Koernke.

DEATHS.

Milo Richards, aged 18 years, died at the poor farm on Jan. 26th, of consumption, and was buried today in Evergreen Cemetery.

Rudolph Erickson, an infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Gust Erickson, died of heart failure on Monday, January 23rd, and was buried on Wednesday, Jan. 25th, Rev. Sjodahl conducting the funeral services.

Mrs. Bertha Ahlgrin died at her residence on Fourth Avenue, East Brainerd, on Wednesday, January 25th, of rheumatism, aged 58 years. Deceased has been a great sufferer from rheumatism for several years past. The funeral services were held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the German Evangelical church, Rev. Simon conducting the services. Two daughters, Mrs. Nels LeBonte and Mrs. Alba Hall, and three sons, Tony, Louis and Wm., all residents of this city, survive her.

Little Jimmie Hartley, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Hartley, died on Saturday morning, January 21st, 1899, at 1 o'clock, at the residence of his uncle, Dr. J. L. Camp, of scarlet fever, aged 5 years. Little Jimmie was a bright, interesting little fellow, and his death was a sad blow to the bereaved parents. The funeral services were held Saturday afternoon at the residence of Dr. Camp, Rev. Gallagher officiating. The bereaved family have the heartfelt sympathy of their many friends in their great affliction.

NEAR DEATH'S DOOR.

L. N. Low, who has been dangerously ill with the dropsy for two months past, has not improved any, but lies in about the same condition. His recovery is not expected.

Miss Agnes Gillis, who has been dangerously sick for the past two weeks or more, continues in about the same condition except that she is gradually growing weaker. She probably will not last but a few hours longer.

Little Irma Simmons, who has been dangerously sick with meningitis for two weeks past, also continues in about the same condition. She lies in a stupor from which it is impossible to arouse her. Not much hope is entertained of her recovery.

True H. Mooers on Wednesday had an operation performed for appendicitis by Dr. Thabes. He has long been a sufferer from this disease and a surgical operation was the only thing left to give relief. He passed through the ordeal all right, but seems unable to rally from the shock, and now lies at his home at the point of death which is momentarily expected.

Farm For Sale.

I offer my farm and stock, farming implements and other machinery, and 35 colonies of bees, and many other things to numerous to mention, for sale. Farm is situated three miles northeast of Brainerd. For further particulars inquire of the proprietor.

DANIEL HOLMES.

AT L. M. KOOP'S.

Our Midwinter Clearance Sale Continues With a Rush

At and Below Cost.

Goods must be sold and Stock Reduced to make room for our immense New Line of Spring and Summer goods which are now on the way . . .

These are Absolutely Cash Sales

Our business has more than doubled itself so far during this sale

We Mean What We ADVERTISE.

No Trouble To Show Goods.

Come and be convinced, and Supply Yourselfs With Bargains

L. M. KOOP.

Grand Military Ball.

The grand military ball to be given by Co. L, 4th Regt. N. G. S. M., at Gardner Hall, tonight, will probably be the social event of the season. The boys of the company have made every effort to make it so, and we have no doubt that they have succeeded. The hall is being beautifully decorated with flags and bunting today for the occasion, and with the pretty faces and splendid costumes of the ladies, and the showy uniforms of the soldier boys, we have no doubt the hall will present a dazzling appearance tonight. One of the features of the dance will be a reel by the old veterans of the late war. Just before the dancing commences, at 8:30, an exhibition drill will be given by the company, which will be one of the most enjoyable features. The boys have been drilling very steadily two and three nights every week, and are said to have become remarkably proficient in marching and also in the manual of arms. All citizens having invitations should encourage the boys in their efforts by their presence tonight.

WANTED—Jack Pine ties.
M. J. REILLY.

Notice.

Gustaf Ristrom, at one time a resident of Brainerd and holder of a certain policy number 41,798, will ascertain something to his interest by communicating with J. M. Elder, agent of Aetna Life Insurance Co., Brainerd, Minn.

For Sale.

I will sell my two horses cheap for cash. Either is a good family horse. The horses can be seen in the barn at the corner of 3d street and Bluff avenue, north.

J. A. WILSON,

In the county auditor's office.

Big Sale

on Fine Shoes at R. F. Walters' shoe store, Sixth street. Call while the stock is fresh.

For Sale Cheap.—A singer sewing machine nearly new, a good cupboard, three hanging lamps, and a child's bed with mattress and springs. Inquire at this office.

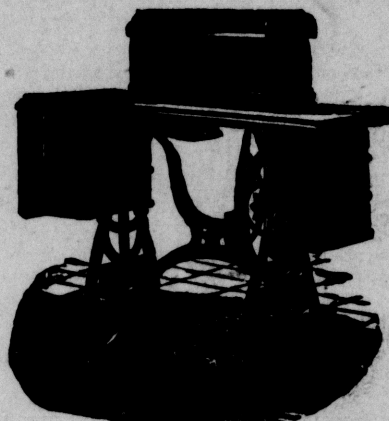
Wood will be taken on subscription at this office. If you are in arrears bring us in a load.

Old papers for sale at this office, 20 cents per hundred.

Live business men advertise in the DISPATCH. It is read by all and brings results.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures, quickly and permanently. At any drug store 50 cents.

HIGHEST HONORS.



Grand Medal and Diploma awarded the

"DOMESTIC"

By the World's Columbian Exposition for the care shown in all details of construction; the high standard of materials used; the simplicity of the working parts and the many excellent and original improvements.

THE WORLD'S BEST SEWING MACHINE.

Built thorough throughout. Rapid, noiseless, handsome and durable. Light and easy running. No other ever equalled it. No other ever will. The name guarantees superiority. Experience has shown that the Domestic is the cheapest to buy. It will last a lifetime and is always satisfactory.

Handsome Illustrated Catalogue Free. Exclusive Territory to Active Agents.

DOMESTIC S. M. CO.,
298 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

1—Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.25
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.25
3—Teething, Colds, Crying, Wakefulness.25
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.25
5—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.25
6—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.25
7—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.25
10—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.25
11—Suppressed or Painful Periods.25
12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods.25
13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.25
14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.25
15—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.25
16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.25
19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.25
20—Whooping-Cough.25
27—Kidney Diseases.25
28—Nervous Debility.1.00
30—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.25
77—Grip, Hay Fever.25
Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

Farmers, if you are indebted to the DISPATCH on subscription and have wood for sale you can settle the account by making an exchange.

It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwall, Conn.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.